LLM in International Commercial Law (full-time) For students entering in 2013/4

Awarding Institution: University of Reading Teaching Institution: University of Reading

Relevant QAA subject Benchmarking group(s): Faculty of Arts, Humanities and Social Science Faculty: Arts, Humanities and Social Science Faculty

Programme length: 12 months
Date of specification: 30/Aug/2013
Programme Director: Ioannis Kokkoris

Programme Advisor:

Board of Studies: Law (Postgraduate)

Accreditation: None

Summary of programme aims

The primary objectives of the program are to

- 1. provide a structured postgraduate law degree which examines International Commercial Law.
- 2. provide a flexible programme through core courses in Advanced Issues in International Commercial Law, International Corporate Finance and the Law, Project Skills, combined with a range of options currently on offer, new options that will be offered, and the independent study of a project component.
- 3. enthuse students with the study of International Commercial Law through exposure both to a multidisciplinary learning environment and potentially to students from other disciplinary backgrounds.
- 4. develop an array of analytical skills in students, through independent study and working with others.
- 5. provide students with the knowledge and skills for professional life and further academic study.

Transferable skills

Students are encouraged to act independently in planning tasks and use feedback to reflect on their performance and assess the appropriateness of current levels of knowledge and skill. Students are expected to acquire an ability to think analytically, to develop frameworks for considering and resolving complex problems, and to discriminate between persuasive and unpersuasive arguments. In addition, a law graduate will be used to presenting arguments (both technical and general) orally and in writing and should be able to present such arguments clearly and concisely. Students will be able to research a variety of sources in libraries and on the internet, and, in particular, to research and assess academic literature. Particular elements of the programme expose students to the use of information technology and encourage the development of general professional capabilities, including recognition of deadlines and effective time management.

Programme content

The LLM programme consists of 180 credits. Within the LLM programme there are a taught element (140 credits) and a Project (40 credits).

Within the taught element there are four core modules: LWMTAI Advanced Issues in International Commercial Law (20 credits), LWMTCF International Corporate Finance and the Law (20 credits), LWMTPS Project Skills (10 credits), and LWMTPR Project (40 credits). Students must take all the remaining credits (90) from the lists of optional modules below. Permission to take unlisted modules will only be granted in exceptional circumstances; for example, where a student has work experience in a field then permission may be granted to take a module relevant to that field. Note that, as with all modules, any pre-requisites or co-requisites will also need to be satisfied.

Of the 140 taught credits, students must normally be enrolled in a minimum of 40 credits in each of the Autumn and Spring terms. (For this purpose, when a module is taught across two terms, half of its credits will be allocated to the first term and half to the second)

All module selections are subject to availability in any given year and to timetabling requirements.

LLM International Commercial Law Compulsory Modules – all modules from this group must be taken

Code	Title	Credits
LWMTPR	Project	40
LWMTPS	Project Skills (Spring)	10
LWMTCF	International Corporate Finance and the Law	20
LWMTAI	Advanced Issues in International Commercial Law	20

Law School International Commercial Law optional modules (subject to availability in any given year) - at least 60 credits from this group must be taken

Code	Title	Credits
LWMTEI	The European Internal Market and Economic Governance	20
LWMTIF	Legal Aspect of International Finance	20
LWMTEC	EU Competition Law	20
LWMTIW	Legal Aspect of International Trade and WTO	10
LWMTFR	Legal Aspects in International Financial Regulation	20
LWMTMA	Legal Aspects of Mergers, Acquisitions and Takeovers	20
LWMTER	EU Energy Law and Regulation	20
LWMTCO	Competition Law and M&As	20
LWMTBL	International Banking Law	20
LWMTCA	International Commercial Arbitration	10
LWMTCG	Comparative Oil and Gas Policy	10
LWMTGC	Oil and Gas Contract Law	20
LWMTOG	Legal Issues in Oil and Gas	20
LWMTTA	Investment Treaty Arbitration	10
LWMTIN	Advanced Intellectual Property Law	10
LWMTDS	International Dispute Settlement	20
LWMTDD	International Finance and Investment Law: Doing the Deal	20
LWMTEM	Emerging Markets and International Commercial and Economic	20
	Law	
LWMTGL	International Corporate Governance and the Law	20
LWMTPP	International Project Finance, PPP and the Law	20
LWMTCD	Copyright and Designs	10
LWMTPT	Patents and Trademarks	10
LWMTWB	Internet Law	10
Code	Title	Credits
LWMTEE	EU Environmental Law	10
LWMTCN	EU Citizens, Third Country Nationals and Mobility in the EU	10
LWMTUW	The European Union in the World	10
LWMTCI	Contemporary Issues in International Law	10
LWMTPE	Law, Politics and Economics as Social Systems	10
LWMTLE	International Economic Law	10
LWMTDL	International Development Law	10
LWMRLK	Legal Knowledge and Legal Writing *	10

^{*} enrolment in this module requires permission of Director of PGT in Law

Optional Modules for ICMA (subject to the availability in any given year)

Code	Title	Credits
ICM128	Risk Management in Financial Services	10
ICM233	Current Topics in Investment Management	10
ICM294	Governance and Compliance in Financial Services	20
ICM295	Topics in Financial Regulation	20
ICM270	Corporate Governance and Accountability	20
ICM257	The Principles of Islamic Commercial Jurisprudence and the	10
	Nominate Contracts	

Lists of modules available in any given year and updates to the above lists can be found through the Postgraduate pages on Law School's web site: www.reading.ac.uk/law.

Part-time or modular arrangements

The programme can be taken part-time over two years. In the first year of study, a student will normally be required to complete the core modules LWMTCF International Corporate Finance and the Law and LWMTAI Advanced Issues in International Commercial Law, and further optional modules totalling not less than 20 credits and not more than 50 credits. In the second year of study a student will normally be required to complete

any remaining optional modules and the core module LWMTPS Project Skills and the LWMTPR Project module. The programme may not be completed over more than two years.

Progression requirements

A part-time candidate may only proceed into his or her second year if he or she has achieved 2 marks of at least 50% in his or her first year. A part-time candidate who chooses not to proceed to his or her second year may be considered for the award of Certificate if he or she gains an average mark of 50 or more in modules worth 60 credits and has no mark below 40.

Summary of Teaching and Assessment

Teaching methods will vary from module to module but teaching will primarily be by means of seminars. Certain modules may be partially taught by means of lectures and tutorials. Lectures can also be provided online.

All modules other than the Project will be assessed by one or a combination of: a timed, unseen examination; a timed, seen examination; assessed written work; and other forms of assessment (such as participation in class or an oral class presentation). Details of the methods of assessment in individual modules are given in the Module Description Forms.

The University's taught postgraduate marks classification is as follows:

Mark Interpretation

70 - 100% Distinction

60 - 69% Merit

50 - 59% Good standard (Pass)

Failing categories

40 - 49% Work below threshold standard

0 - 39% Unsatisfactory Work

Further information on the classification convention, including borderline criteria, are available at http://www.reading.ac.uk/web/FILES/exams/PGclassification-post-2008.pdf

For Masters Degree

To qualify for Distinction, students must gain an overall average of 70 or more over 180 credits and a mark of 60 or more for the project. In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

To qualify for Merit, students must gain an overall average of 60 or more over 180 credits and a mark of 50 or more for the project.;In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

To qualify for Passed, students must gain an overall average of 50 or more over 180 credits and a mark of 50 or more for the project. In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

For PG Diploma

To qualify for Distinction, students must gain an overall average of 70 or more over 120 credits. ;In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40

To qualify for Merit, students must gain an overall average of 60 or more over 120 credits. ;In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

To qualify for Passed, students must gain an overall average of 50 or more over 120 credits. In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

For PG Certificate

To qualify for a Postgraduate Certificate, students must gain an average of 50 or more over 60 credits and must not have any mark below 40.

Admission requirements

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained a degree in law o economics or business or finance or a related area with a first or upper second class honours (or an equivalent classification if they

graduated overseas). All applicants are considered on their individual merits, and the School may vary these requirements if it sees fit.

Admissions Tutor: Professor Ioannis Kokkoris, E-mail: i.kokkoris@reading.ac.uk

Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support is provided by a wide array of services across the University, including: the University Library, the Careers, Placement and Experience Centre (CPEC), In-sessional English Support Programme, the Study Advice and Mathematics Support Centre teams, IT Services and the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@il) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, School Senior Tutors, the Students' Union, the Medical Practice and advisers in the Student Services Centre. The Student Services Centre is housed in the Carrington Building and offers advice on accommodation, careers, disability, finance, and wellbeing, academic issues (eg problems with module selection) and exam related queries. Students can get key information and guidance from the team of Helpdesk Advisers, or make an appointment with a specialist adviser; Student Services also offer drop-in sessions and runs workshops and seminars on a range of topics. For more information see www.reading.ac.uk/student

Within the School of Law, personal and academic tutors provide help and guidance on academic, and, where appropriate, other matters. A member of the academic staff of the School acts as Careers Advisor, and the School has a Director of Taught Postgraduate Studies, individual programme directors for each taught postgraduate programme, a Senior tutor for students on taught postgraduate students, a student support officer, and a postgraduate administrative officer; to provide support and advice to postgraduate students. In addition, all students receive a detailed Handbook to help them study law successfully.

Career prospects

While many law graduates take professional exams in law and go on to practise law either in the UK or abroad, many others pursue alternative careers. This is particularly the case with those who have chosen to pursue a postgraduate qualification in law. A postgraduate law degree does not disqualify students from any career open to non-specialist graduates and the skills it engenders are in great demand from non-legal employers. Equally, a postgraduate law degree will open many doors in more specialised areas of employment, such as law firms, European and intergovernmental and non-governmental organisations, academia (with further postgraduate study), the media (journalism and broadcasting), the civil service, and other branches of public service.

Opportunities for study abroad or for placements

The programme does not involve study abroad.

Programme Outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities, and other attributes in the following areas:

Knowledge and Understanding

A. Knowledge and understanding of:

- 1. Key issues in International Commercial Law and how they interrelate;
- 2. A range of research methodologies sufficient to formulate apparopriate and relevant research questions and conduct independent research in law; 3.A select range of options to broaden understanding of the operation of law at an advanced level; and
- 4. Appropriate contextual background to understand the substantive law.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

The basic knowledge in all modules is provided by seminars, although some modules may include lectures. All seminars allow a student to gauge his or her progress in the module being taken and will require significant student input into the acquisition and dissemination of knowledge. The critical input into learning is provided by a student's own reading and preparation for group discussions (particularly engagement with primary sources).

Assessment

Modules adopt a variety of assessment methods. All

modules include eitehr or both of summative assessed work and an unseen, timed exam.

Skills and other attributes

B. Intellectual skills - *able to:*

- 1. Think logically;
- 2. Analyse and identify problems and issues;
- 3. Distinguish between relevant and irrelevant material;
- 4. Understand technical material;
- 5. Apply relevant knowledge effectively; and
- 6. Construct defensible arguments and exercise critical judgment.

C. Practical skills - able to:

- 1. Discover and use legal and contextual materials from a variety of sources; and
- 2. Evaluate legal contextual material both individually and as part of a team; and
- 3. Construct and present both orally and in writing defensible arguments and critical judgment.

D. Transferable skills - able to:

- 1. Work independently and diligently;
- 2. Use different types of information sources;
- 3. Communicate technical material effectively, both orally and in writing;
- 4. Construct defensible arguments and exercise critical judgement;
- 5. Reflect critically on one's own learning;
- 6. Consider career development.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Logic, analytical and critical skills and the ability to apply relevant knowledge are inherent in the study of international commercial law and these skills are encouraged and developed in seminars.

Assessment

Both formal examinations and summative assessed work assess all hese skills either directly or indirectly.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

All the practical skills are present in each module and are developed through seminars. The essence of legal study is to provide an answer to a practical legal problem having identified the legal issues, selected relevant facts, and used appropriate law to provide a solution. All parts of the degree encourage the exercise of these faculties. All modules seek to develop powers of critical analysis and judgement.

Assessment

The written element of 3 is directly assessed through summative assessed work. Examinations indirectly assess 1 and 2, while summative assessed work does so directly The project requires elements of 1, 2 and 3. Some modules assess oral communication (formatively or summatively).

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Law is a subject of considerable complexity. Some material is difficult, and not all of it is of overpowering interest - a student must work hard to engage with such material. A student will be required regularly to participate in class discussions and make presentations. He or she will be required to engage with a considerable amount of academic and other literature and to assess and evaluate such literature critically and in the context of presenting advanced arguments both orally and in writing.

Assessment

Both formal examinations and summative assessed work assess all of these skills other than 5 and 6. Seminars encourage a student to reflect on his or her own learning. Guidance is given throughout the degree programme on career development.

Please note - This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be

found in the module description and in the programme handbook. The University reserves the right to modify this specification in unforeseen circumstances, or where the process of academic development and feedback from students, quality assurance process or external sources, such as professional bodies, requires a change to be made. In such circumstances, a revised specification will be issued.