LLM in Human Rights (full-time) For students entering in 2013/4

Awarding Institution: University of Reading Teaching Institution: University of Reading

Relevant QAA subject Benchmarking group(s):

Faculty: Arts, Humanities and Social Science Faculty

Programme length: 12 months
Date of specification: 30/Aug/2013
Programme Director: Dr Tawhida Ahmed

Programme Advisor:

Board of Studies: Law (Postgraduate)

Accreditation:

Summary of programme aims

The programme aims to equip students with the specialist knowledge and skills they require to succeed as professionals, scholars and leaders in the field of human rights law and policy. This main aim is promoted by pursuing the following specific aims:

To provide a structured postgraduate law degree which examines human rights law in its social and political context.

To provide a flexible programme through a compulsory module in the Theory and Practice of Rights combined with a range of options currently on offer, and the independent study of a dissertation component.

To expose students to a multidisciplinary learning environment.

To help students develop an array of both analytical and critical skills, through independent study and working with others.

Transferable skills

Students are encouraged to act independently in planning tasks and use feedback to reflect on their performance and assess the appropriateness of current levels of knowledge and skill. Students are expected to acquire an ability to think analytically, to develop frameworks for considering and resolving complex problems, and to discriminate between good and bad arguments. In addition, a law graduate will be used to presenting arguments (both technical and general) orally and in writing and should be able to present such arguments clearly and concisely. Students will be able to research a variety of sources in libraries and on the internet, and, in particular, to research and assess academic literature. Particular elements of the programme expose students to the use of information technology and encourage the development of general professional capabilities including recognition of deadlines and time management.

Programme content

The programme consists of 180 credits; a taught element (120 credits) and a dissertation (60 credits). The dissertation must be written on a topic that has a meaningful relationship to human rights issues.

Within the taught element there are two compulsory modules: LWMTRT The Theory and Practice of Rights (10 credits) and LWMTRM Research Methods (30 credits). The remaining 80 credits of the taught element are comprised of optional modules. These must be taken from any of:

listed Law School Level 7 modules, or

listed modules offered by other Schools or Departments, or

unlisted modules offered by any School or Department in the University, with permission from Director of PGT Studies in Law. Permission to take unlisted modules will only be granted in exceptional circumstances; for example, where a student has work experience in a field then permission may be granted to take a module relevant to that field. Note that, as with all modules, any pre-requisites or co-requisites will also need to be satisfied.

This is subject to the requirement that at least 50 of the 80 credits must come from the listed Law School European Law optional modules. All module selections are subject to timetabling requirements. Of the 120 taught credits, students must normally be enrolled in a minimum of 40 credits in each of the Autumn and Spring terms. (For this purpose a 30 credit module taught across two terms will count as 15 credits in each term.)

Compulsory modules - all modules from this group must be taken

Code Title Credits Level LWMTDI Dissertation 60 7

LWMTRM	Research Methods	30	7
LWMTRT	The Theory and Practice of Rights	10	7

LLM Human Rights optional modules (subject to availability in any given year) - at least 50 credits from this group must be taken

Code	Title	Credits	Level
LWMTHU	International Human Rights Law	20	7
LWMTEU	European Human Rights: the EU	10	7
LWMTEH	European Human Rights: the ECHR	10	7
LWMTGS	Gender, Sexuality and Rights	20	7
LWMTCR	International Children's Rights	10	7
LWMTHG	Human Rights in Natural resources	10	7
LWMTIC	Prosecuting International Crimes: Contemporary Issues and	10	7
	Problems		
LWMTHL	International Humanitarian Law	10	7
LWMTLT	International Law and Terrorism	20	7
LWMTSS	Surveillance, Security and the State	10	7
LWMTUF	The Use of Military Force in International Law	10	7
LWMTEF	European Legal Frameworks: Constitutionalism, Democracy and	20	7
	Citizenship		
LWMTCN	EU Citizens, Third Country Nationals and Mobility in the EU	10	7
LWMTSR	Human Rights Research Seminar	10	7
LWMTRL	International Refugee Law	10	7
LWMTIS	International Institutional Law	10	7

Law School general optional modules (subject to availability in any given year) - up to 30 credits may be taken from this list

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Code	Title	Credits	Level
LWMTCI	Contemporary Issues in International Law	10	7
LWMTDS	International Dispute Settlement	20	7
LWMTWO	World Order and theories of International Law	10	7
LWMTPU	Public International Law	10	7
LWMTUW	The European Union in the World	10	7
LWMTEE	EU Environmental Law	10	7
LWMTEI	The European Internal Market and Economic Governance	20	7
LWMTPT	Patents and Trademarks	10	7
LWMTPE	Law, Politics and Economics as Social Systems	10	7
LWMTLE	International Economic Law	10	7
LWMRLK	Legal Knowledge and Legal Writing *	10	7
LWMTDL	International Development Law	10	7
LWMTCD	Copyright and Design	10	7
LWMTWB	Internet Law	10	7

^{*}enrolment in this module requires permission of Director of PGT in Law

School of Agriculture, policy and Development optional modules (subject to availability in any given year) - up to 20 credits may be taken from this list

IDM024	Social Policies for Development	10	7
IDM012	Gender and Development	10	7
IDM077	Food Security and Development	10	7
IDM088	Involuntary Resettlement in Developing Countries	10	7

Lists of modules available in any given year and updates to the above lists can be found through the Postgraduate pages on Law School's web site: www.reading.ac.uk/law.

Part-time or modular arrangements

The programme can be taken part-time over two years. In the first year of study, a student will normally be required to complete the core module LWMTRT The Theory and Practice of Rights, and further optional modules totalling no less than 50 credits and no more than 80 credits. In the second year of study a student will normally be required to complete the core module LWMTRM Research Methods, and any remaining optional modules, and the LWMTDI Dissertation module. The programme may not be completed over more than two years.

Progression requirements

Part-time Candidates

A part-time candidate may only proceed into his or her second year if he or she has achieved 2 marks of at least 50% in his or her first year. A part-time candidate who chooses not to proceed to his or her second year may be considered for the award of Certificate in Human Rights if he or she gains an average mark of 50 or more in modules worth 60 credits and have no mark below 40.

Summary of Teaching and Assessment

Teaching methods will vary from module to module but teaching will primarily be by means of seminars. Certain modules may be partially taught by means of lectures and tutorials.

All modules, other than the Dissertation, will be assessed by one of or a combination of: a timed, unseen examination; a timed, seen examination; assessed written work; other forms of assessment (such as participation in class or an oral class presentation). Details of the methods of assessment in individual modules are given in the Module Description Forms.

The University's taught postgraduate marks classification is as follows:

Mark Interpretation

70 - 100% Distinction

60 - 69% Merit

50 - 59% Good standard (Pass)

Failing categories

40 - 49% Work below threshold standard

0 - 39% Unsatisfactory Work

For Masters Degree

To qualify for Distinction, students must gain an overall average mark of 70 or more over 180 credits and a mark of 60 or more for the dissertation. In addition the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

To qualify for Merit, students must gain an overall average of 60 or more over 180 credits and a mark of 50 or more for the dissertation. In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

To qualify for Passed, students must gain an overall average of 50 or more over 180 credits and a mark of 50 or more for the dissertation. In addition the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

For PG Diploma

To qualify for Distinction, students must gain an overall average of 70 or more over 120 credits. In addition the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

To qualify for Merit, students must gain an overall average of 60 or more over 120 credits. In addition, the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and student must not have any mark below 40.

To qualify for Passed, students must gain an overall average of 50 or more over 120 credits.; In Addition the total credit value of all modules marked below 50 must not exceed 55 credits and students must not have any mark below 40.

For PG Certificate

To qualify for a Postgraduate Certificate, students must gain an average mark of 50 or more in modules worth 60 credits and not have any mark below 40.

Admission requirements

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained a degree in law or a degree with a substantial legal component with a first or upper second class honours (or an equivalent classification if they graduated overseas). All applicants are considered on their individual merits and the School may vary these requirements if it sees fit.

Admissions Tutor: Dr Tawhida Ahmed, Tel: 0118 378 7515 Fax: 0118 378 4543 Email:t.b.ahmed@reading.ac.uk

Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support is provided by a wide array of services across the University, including: the University Library, the Careers, Placement and Experience Centre (CPEC), In-sessional English Support Programme, the Study Advice and Mathematics Support Centre teams, IT Services and the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@il) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, School Senior Tutors, the Students' Union, the Medical Practice and advisers in the Student Services Centre. The Student Services Centre is housed in the Carrington Building and offers advice on accommodation, careers, disability, finance, and wellbeing, academic issues (eg problems with module selection) and exam related queries. Students can get key information and guidance from the team of Helpdesk Advisers, or make an appointment with a specialist adviser; Student Services also offer drop-in sessions and runs workshops and seminars on a range of topics. For more information see www.reading.ac.uk/student

Within the School of Law, personal and academic tutors will provide help and guidance on academic, and where appropriate, other matters. A member of the academic staff of the School acts as Careers Advisor and the School has a Director of Taught Postgraduate Studies, individual programme directors for each taught postgraduate programme, a Senior Tutor for students on taught postgraduate programmes, a student support officer and a postgraduate administrative officer to provide support and advice to postgraduate students. In addition, all students receive a detailed Handbook to help them study law successfully.

Career prospects

While very many law graduates take professional exams in law and go on to practise law either in the UK or abroad, many others pursue alternative careers. This is particularly the case with those who have chosen to pursue a postgraduate qualification in law, as the skills gained by undertaking a postgraduate law degree are in great demand from both legal and non-legal employers. While not disqualifying students from any career open to non-specialist graduates a postgraduate law degree will open many doors in more specialised areas of employment. An LLM degree in human rights will be an asset if students seek employment in domestic and international human rights organisations, United Nations agencies, legal practice and international advocacy in the human rights field, international courts and tribunals, human rights NGOs, the public service (in the areas of social welfare, immigration, foreign relations, humanitarian aid, international development, etc.) law reform agencies, the media (journalism and broadcasting), security, academia (with further postgraduate study) and business (in such fields as human resource management and corporate social responsibility).

Opportunities for study abroad or for placements

The programme does not involve study abroad.

Programme Outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

Knowledge and Understanding

A. Knowledge and understanding of:

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

- 1. Key issues in human rights law and how they interface;
- 2. A range of research methodologies sufficient to formulate appropriate and relevant research questions and conduct independent research in law;
- 3. A select range of options to broaden understanding of the operation of law at an advanced level;
- 4. Appropriate contextual background to understand the substantive law.

The basic knowledge in all modules is provided by seminars, although some modules may include lectures. All seminars allow a student to gauge his/her progress in that module and will require significant student input into the acquisition and dissemination of knowledge. The critical input into learning is provided by a student's own reading and preparation for group discussions (particularly engagement with primary sources).

Assessment

Modules adopt a variety of assessment methods but all modules utilise either summative assessed work or an end of year unseen, timed exam. The majority of modules utilise a combination of both methods of assessment.

Skills and other attributes

B. Intellectual skills - *able to:*

- 1. Think logically;
- 2. Analyse and identify problems and issues;
- 3. Discriminate between relevant and irrelevant material;
- 4. Understand technical material;
- 5. Apply relevant knowledge effectively;
- 6. Construct defensible arguments and
- 7. Exercise critical judgment.

C. Practical skills - able to:

- 1. Discover and use legal and/or political and contextual materials from a variety of sources; and
- 2. Evaluate legal and/or political and contextual material both individually and as part of a team;
- 3. Construct and present (orally and in writing) defensible arguments and critical judgment.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Logic, analytical skill and the ability to apply relevant knowledge is inherent in the study of law and these skills are encouraged and developed in seminars.

Assessment

Both formal examinations and summative assessed work assess all these skills either directly or indirectly.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

All the practical skills are present in each module and are developed through seminars. The essence of legal study is to provide an answer to a practical legal problem having identified the legal issues, selected relevant facts and used appropriate law to provide a solution. The encouragement of these faculties is inherent in all parts of the degree. All modules seek to develop powers of critical analysis and judgement.

Assessment

The written element of 3 is directly assessed through summative assessed work and/or formal examinations. Examinations indirectly assess 1 and 2 while summative assessed work does so directly). The dissertation requires elements of 1, 2 and 3. Some modules assess oral communication (formatively or summatively).

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Law is a subject of considerable complexity; some material is difficult - a student must work hard to engage with such material. A student will be required regularly to participate in class discussions and make presentations. He or she will be required

D. Transferable skills - able to:

- 1. Work independently and hard;
- 2. Use different types of information sources;
- 3. Communicate technical material effectively both orally and in writing; and

- 4. Construct defensible arguments and exercise critical judgement;
- 5. Reflect critically on one's own learning;
- 6. Consider career development.

to engage with a considerable amount of academic and other literature and to assess and evaluate such literature critically and in the context of presenting advanced arguments both orally and in writing.

Assessment

Both formal examinations and summative assessed work assess all these skills other than 5 and 6. Seminars encourage a student to reflect on his or her own learning. Guidance is given throughout the degree programme on career development.

Please note - This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in the module description and in the programme handbook. The University reserves the right to modify this specification in unforeseen circumstances, or where the process of academic development and feedback from students, quality assurance process or external sources, such as professional bodies, requires a change to be made. In such circumstances, a revised specification will be issued.