BSc Archaeology For students entering Part 1 in 2008/9

Awarding Institution: Teaching Institution:

Relevant QAA subject Benchmarking group(s):

Faculty:

Programme length: Date of specification: Programme Director:

Programme Advisor:
Board of Studies:
Accreditation:

University of Reading University of Reading Archaeology Faculty of Science

UCAS code: F420

3 years 13/Oct/2009 Dr Gundula Müldner

Prof Martin Bell Archaeology Not applicable

Summary of programme aims

The programme aims to provide a thorough degree-level education in Archaeology, with special emphasis on the application of science. It combines practical experience (in the field and laboratory) with academic study of the archaeology of prehistoric, protohistoric, Roman and medieval Europe and the Mediterranean region. There is an opportunity to specialise in aspects of landscape archaeology, environmental change, ancient diet and health, areas in which the University of Reading has particular teaching and research strengths. The programme is distinctive in its emphasis on the application of archaeological techniques and theory, particularly through the Silchester Field School, and because of the interdisciplinary approach to understanding past landscapes and environmental change. Students will expand the range, depth and sophistication of their knowledge of archaeology through the structured progression of the programme through Parts 1, 2 and 3.

The programme also aims to develop a variety of transferable skills from the combination of humanities and science training, enabling students to think comparatively, to learn independently, to interpret evidence, to draw conclusions from archaeological, scientific and historical data, and to communicate these through written and oral media. Through practical experience they will gain proficiency in data collection and analysis, numeracy and use of information technology, problem-solving and decision-making. Experience of teamwork in the field also develops skills of communication and a sense of personal and group responsibility. Through their coursework students develop skills of oral expression, independent learning, and the critical analysis of data.

Transferable skills

During the course of their studies at Reading, all students will be expected to enhance their academic and personal transferable skills in line with the University's Strategy for Learning and Teaching. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to develop such skills, in particular relating to communication, interpersonal skills, learning skills, numeracy, self-management, use of IT and problem-solving, and will have been encouraged to further develop and enhance the full set of skills through a variety of opportunities available outside their curriculum.

Students of Archaeology will also develop skills in the critical analysis of data, and be able to think comparatively and cross-culturally. Through practical and field work they will also have the opportunity to develop proficiency in data collection and analysis and in decision-making, together with a sense of personal and group responsibility.

Programme content

The profile which follows states which modules must be taken (the compulsory part) together with one or more lists of modules from which the student must make a selection (the 'selected' modules). Students must choose such additional modules as they wish, in consultation with their programme adviser, to make 120 credits in each Part. The number of credits for each module is shown after its title. In Part 1 the remaining credits can be made up from any optional modules and/or from modules elsewhere in the University. In Parts 2 and 3, up to 20 credits can be taken from modules available elsewhere in the University.

Part 1 introduces the history and methods of the discipline of archaeology, reviews basic evidence for past lifestyles, environments, and human social development, and explores the place of archaeology in contemporary society. Part 2 provides the opportunity to engage with primary archaeological data through participation in the Field School (which will include training specifically geared to on-site aspects of archaeological science) and laboratory-based practicals. Approaches to interpretation are explored, and modules can be chosen from the prehistoric and historic periods, primarily covering Europe and the Mediterranean region. Part 3 encourages increasing specialisation through the provision of a range of special subjects from which a choice is made, and

the opportunity to research a topic independently through the dissertation on a topic related to the application of science in archaeology. At least 2 of the Special Subjects chosen, and the dissertation, must be science-based.

Part 1 (three terms)

Compulsory modules

AR1P2	Primates to Pyramids: an introduction to world prehistory	20	C
AR1RM2	From Rome to the Reformation: an introduction to historic	20	C
	archaeology		
AR1TS3	Practising Archaeology: methods and approaches	20	C

Students must take the three compulsory Archaeology modules (totalling 60 credits), and choose a combination of 60 credits from the optional archaeology module and / or an additional one or two subjects chosen from modules available elsewhere in the University. At least 20 credits of the non-archaeology modules must be taken in the Faculty of Science.

Optional modules

AR1TS2	Bones, Bodies and Burials: the archaeology of death	20	C
MC1AM	Analysing Museum Displays	20	C

Part 2 (three terms)

Compulsory modules

Mod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level
AR2F3	Silchester Field School (Single Honours)	20	I
AR2T1	Archaeological Thought	10	I
AR2S1	Archaeological Science	20	I
AR2F8	Contemporary Practice in British Archaeology	10	I

There are four compulsory modules, and a selection can be made from a range of vocational options and period modules, totalling 120 credits. Students can select up to 20 credits chosen from modules available elsewhere in the University. Of the 120 credits, 5 comprise Career Management Skills.

Recommended Options for Vocational Students:

Human Activity and Environmental Change	10	I
Crime Scene Analysis	10	I
Techniques in Artefact Interpretation	10	I
Techniques of Skeletal Interpretation	10	I
Object analysis and museum interpretation	20	I
	Crime Scene Analysis Techniques in Artefact Interpretation Techniques of Skeletal Interpretation	Crime Scene Analysis10Techniques in Artefact Interpretation10Techniques of Skeletal Interpretation10

AND:

Two period modules to be chosen from a list approved each year. Those currently approved include:

AR2P5	The Middle Palaeolithic of Europe and SW Asia	20	I
AR2P6	First Civilizations: culture and society in the east Mediterranean c.	20	Ī
	3500-1200 BC		
AR2P6	Later Prehistoric Europe	20	I
AR2P12	First millenium Greece and the origins of Classical states	20	I
AR2M4	Later Medieval Europe	20	I
AR2M3	Post-Roman and Early Medieval Europe	20	I

Part 3 (three terms)

Compulsory modules

Mod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level
AR3D1	Dissertation	40	Н

There is a compulsory dissertation module plus a choice of option modules, totalling 120 credits. However, those interested in a broader degree may substitute up to 20 credits chosen from modules available elsewhere in the University.

Optional modules:

At least two of the following selected modules:

Environmental Archaeology and the Cultural Landscapes of	20	Н
Prehistory		
Micromorphology and the Study of Early Agricultural and Urban	20	Н
Settlements and Landscapes		
Palaeopathology	20	Н
The Archaeology of Food and Nutrition	20	Н
Information Molecules: Biomolecular Methods for Archaeologists	20	Н
Coastal and Maritime Archaeology	20	Н
	Prehistory Micromorphology and the Study of Early Agricultural and Urban Settlements and Landscapes Palaeopathology The Archaeology of Food and Nutrition Information Molecules: Biomolecular Methods for Archaeologists	Prehistory Micromorphology and the Study of Early Agricultural and Urban 20 Settlements and Landscapes Palaeopathology 20 The Archaeology of Food and Nutrition 20 Information Molecules: Biomolecular Methods for Archaeologists 20

No more than two of the following selected modules (maximum 40 credits).

Modules are selected from a list approved each year. Those currently approved include:

AR3T1	Burial Archaeology	20	Н
MC3MT	Museum Theory, History and Ethics	20	Н
AR3P4	Early Agricultural Societies In The Mediterranean	20	Н
AR3P5	Early Complex Societies In The Mediterranean	20	Η
AR3P9	British Prehistory 1: The Age of Stonehenge	20	Η
AR3P10	British Prehistory 2: The Age of Hillforts	20	Η
AR3P13	Emergence of Civilisation in Mesopotamia	20	Η
AR3P17	Hominins, Hearths & Handaxes: Studies in the Lower Palaeolithic of	20	Η
	North-Western Europe		
AR3R6	Roman Britain	20	Η
AR3R4	Roman Material Culture Studies	20	Η
AR3M1	The Archaeology of Early Anglo-Saxon England	20	Η
AR3M2	Expansion or contraction in twelfth-century England	20	Η
AR3M6	'Europe' in the Middle Ages?'		
AR3M7	Archaeology of the Crusades		
AR3M8	The Archaeology of Later Anglo-Saxon England		

(Not all optional modules will be available in any one year. The availability of all optional modules is subject to availability of staff and will require a minimum number of participants.)

Progression requirements

In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2 students must:

- a) Obtain at least 40% in at least two of the Part 1 Archaeology modules averaged together.
- b) Achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1.
- c) Achieve a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits in Part 1.

In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3 students must:

- a) Obtain at least 40% in the Part 2 compulsory modules.
- b) Achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2.
- c) Achieve a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits in Part 2.

The conventions for classification are included in the Programme Handbook but you should note that weighting between Part 2 and Part 3 for classification purposes is 33% and 67%.

Summary of teaching and assessment

Teaching is delivered in modules that involve (i) both lectures and seminars or workshops (Parts 1 and 2); (ii) work in the field and laboratory (Parts 2 and 3); and (iii) principally seminars (Part 3). Modules are assessed by a mixture of coursework and formal examination, with the proportion of coursework (including seminar performance) increasing as the degree progresses. The Silchester Field School is assessed entirely by coursework, including both performance in the field and a formal piece of assessed work. The final year

dissertation comprises a piece of independent research, directed through a series of one-to-one tutorials, and assessed entirely by coursework (including a research design and an oral presentation).

Admission requirements

No previous experience of Archaeology is required for admission. Because Archaeology draws on many elements of the Arts and Sciences, almost any combination of A-levels will be appropriate. It is recommended, however, that applicants should at least have one science A-level (or equivalent). Entrants should have achieved:

UCAS Tariff: Either: 280 points from 3 full A-levels, or: 300 points from 3 A-levels and 1 AS level. Total points exclude Key Skills and General Studies.

International Baccalaureat: Pass Diploma and achieve 6, 5, 5 in three higher level subjects

Scottish Highers: BBBB Scottish Advanced Highers: BBC Irish Leaving Certificate: BBBBB

Applications from mature candidates are welcomed. A mature applicant is more likely to receive an offer of a place if he or she has undertaken or is undertaking recent study, for example one or more A levels or an Access course, but each case is assessed on its individual merits. You are advised to contact an Admissions Tutor as soon as possible to discuss your individual circumstances.

Applications from international students are welcomed. If you are not offering A-levels or an International Baccalaureat, we advise you to contact an Admissions Tutor before applying in order to discuss the acceptability of your qualifications. IELTS Band 7 (or equivalent) will be required for those whose education has not been undertaken in English.

Admissions Tutor: Dr R Hosfield

Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers, and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4,000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@il) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, School Senior Tutors, the Students' Union, the Medical Practice and the Student Services Centre. The Student Services Centre is housed in the Carrington Building and includes the Careers Advisory Service, the Disability Advisory Service, Accommodation Advisory Team, Student Financial Support, Counselling and Study Advisors. Student Services has a Helpdesk available for enquiries made in person or online, or by calling the central enquiry number on (0118) 378 5555. Students can get key information and guidance from the team of Helpdesk Advisers, or make an appointment with a specialist adviser; Student Services also offer drop-in sessions on everything from accommodation to finance. The Carrington Building is open between 8:30 and 17:30 Monday to Thursday (17:00 Friday and during vacation periods). Further information can be found in the Student Diary (given to students at enrolment) or on the Student website.

Support for students in their studies is provided through the University's Personal Academic Record (PAR) Scheme, in which students meet their personal tutors regularly to review their progress.

The Departmental Handbooks provide extensive information on resources and study skills. The Department occupies a purpose-built structure with further shared facilities providing a research laboratory, teaching laboratories, computer laboratories, and space for undergraduates to work in the Department (including a Reading Room). There are also traditional and digital drawing office facilities; geophysical and tacheometric survey equipment; excavation equipment; soil and sediment coring equipment; audio-visual resources; and a minibus. The University Library is well stocked with works relating to many different aspects of archaeology.

Career prospects

The degree in Archaeology at Reading is a route into archaeology (including archaeological science, field archaeology, museums and heritage management), or a good basis for other careers in the areas of the media, management, administration, the civil service, local government, commerce, law, publishing, librarianship and teaching. The emphasis on field training, coupled with wide academic provision in archaeological theory,

science, and period and area topics, offers a broad range of vocational skills, in addition to those of communication and problem-solving.

Opportunities for study abroad or for placements

The Department of Archaeology participates in an active Socrates exchange through which students can spend the second term of Part 2 at the University of Lund, Sweden.

Programme Outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

Knowledge and Understanding

A. Knowledge and understanding of:

- 1. The growth of archaeology as a discipline
- 2. The current practice of archaeology within its wider political, social and institutional context
- 3. The diverse sources of evidence used by archaeologists, their variability and reliability
- 4. The main methods by which archaeologists acquire, date and analyse their primary evidence, including scientific methods
- 5. The range of interpretative approaches applied to archaeological evidence in their historical, political and social context
- 6. The development of selected human societies from our earliest ancestors to the medieval period, particularly in Europe and the Mediterranean
- 7. The application of science in archaeology

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

At Part 1, all areas are taught largely through illustrated lectures.

Aspects 3-5 are fundamental to all modules in the programme and are taught at all levels through lectures and seminars. Aspects 2-5 and 7 are further developed in Part 2 through participation in the Field School, and in dedicated modules by lectures, seminars, practical classes and problem-oriented class work. Aspect 6 is developed through selected period modules in Part 2, taught by informal lectures and seminars. There is further opportunity to pursue all aspects in depth through selected seminar-based options in Part 3.

In all Parts students are expected to undertake independent reading on the basis of bibliographies issued for each module, and prepare essays and seminar papers. The dissertation provides an opportunity for the further development of independent research.

Assessment

Most knowledge is tested by a combination of coursework and formal examination, except that in most practical-based modules it is examined entirely by coursework; the dissertation is mostly by coursework. In Part 3, oral presentations also contribute.

Skills and other attributes

B. Intellectual skills - able to:

- 1. To assess the character and quality of archaeological data
- 2. To synthesise and integrate evidence from multiple and diverse sources
- 3. To recognise and critically evaluate past and current theoretical approaches and competing interpretations
- 4. To think comparatively and cross-culturally
- 5. To think critically and independently
- 6. To locate, extract and assemble data and information
- 7. To organise material in order to synthesise and articulate an argument effectively

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

These skills are developed throughout the programme. Modules at all levels deal with questions of evidence and interpretation in lectures, seminars, and practicals. Set essays, seminar discussions, oral presentations and examination questions frequently involve analysis and debate of intellectual problems, particularly in Part 3 and in a dedicated module on Archaeological Thought in Part 2. Awareness of current approaches is encouraged as Part 3 options are often linked to lecturers' research interests. Individual feedback is provided on content and organisation of essays. Independent thinking is developed especially

through the dissertation module for which initial preparation and regular support are provided.

Assessment

These skills are assessed in all Parts of the programme by a combination of coursework, essays, oral presentations, dissertation and examination.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Skills 1-4 are primarily taught through participation in the Field School and by problem-oriented class work in dedicated modules in Part 2, following preliminary lectures in Part 1.

Skill 5 is developed throughout the programme. Bibliographies are provided for all modules, students are trained in library use, and many modules provide experience searching for information via the WWW. The IT element is additionally provided self-study sessions at Part 1, and at Part 2 through demonstrations and group practical work.

Assessment

Skills 1-4 are assessed by coursework. Skill 5 is assessed by a combination of coursework, examinations and dissertation. Skill 6 is assessed through the dissertation.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Skill 1 is developed throughout the programme in the writing of essays, practical and laboratory reports, and the dissertation, and by participation in seminars

Skills 2-5 are taught particularly through the Field School and in the practical elements of several Part 2 modules, as well as in selected Part 3 modules. Skill 6 is essential for the successful completion of the programme, and is exercised particularly through the Field School and the dissertation. Career management is taught through a distinct Part 2 module linked with other professional skills in Archaeology.

Assessment

These skills are assessed in all Parts of the programme by a combination of coursework, essays, oral presentations, dissertation and examination.

Please note - This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in the module description and in the programme handbook. The University reserves the right to modify this specification in unforeseen circumstances, or where the process of academic development and feedback from students, quality assurance process or external sources, such as professional bodies, requires a change to be made. In such circumstances, a revised specification will be issued.

C. Practical skills - able to:

- 1. To identify, excavate, record and analyse archaeological stratigraphy, features and deposits
- 2. To excavate, process, identify and analyse a variety of artefacts and environmental material
- 3. To recognise and interpret archaeological traces in the landscape
- 4. To prepare standard archaeological drawings and other forms of visual presentation
- 5. To locate, extract and appraise critically archaeological information in published sources and on the WWW
- 6. To plan and carry out a primary research project, working independently

D. Transferable skills - able to:

- 1. To communicate clearly and effectively in speech and in a variety of types of writing
- 2. To deal effectively with a variety of scientific and numerical data and visual material
- 3. To identify and devise strategies for solving problems
- 4. To work effectively in a team
- 5. To locate information and use information technology
- 6. To organise their own time purposefully and work independently
- 7. To make informed career plans