BSc Chemistry with Archaeology

For students entering Part 1 in 2007

Awarding Institution: The University of Reading Teaching Institution: The University of Reading

UCAS Code: F1V4

Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group: Chemistry

Faculty of Life Sciences Programme Length: 3 years

Date of specification:

Programme Director:

Dr MJ Almond
Programme Adviser:

Dr EM Page
Board of Studies:

Chemistry

Recognition: The Royal Society of Chemistry

Summary of programme aims and learning outcomes:

The programme is designed to provide a broad and rigorous study of modern Chemistry and to provide knowledge of key areas of modern archaeology. It is designed to receive recognition by the Royal Society of Chemistry. (For a fuller statement of the programme aims and learning outcomes see below.)

Transferable skills

The University's Strategy for Teaching and Learning has identified a number of generic transferable skills which all students are expected to have developed by the end of their degree programme. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to develop their skills relating to career management, communication (both written and oral), information handling, numeracy, problem-solving, team-working and use of information technology.

As part of this programme students are expected to have gained experience and show competence in the following skills: IT (word-processing, use of spreadsheets and databases), scientific writing, oral presentation, team-working, problem-solving, use of library resources, time-management, and career planning and management.

Programme content

The BSc Chemistry with Archaeology degree programme is divided into three Parts, each of 120 credits. The degree profile outlined below lists the compulsory modules and gives some indication of the optional modules from which the student must make a selection. Students choose such optional modules in consultation with the Programme Adviser or the Programme Director. The number of credits for each module is given after its title.

Part 1 (three terms 2007-2008)

Compulsory Modules (100, 110 or 120 credits)

		Credits	Level	
CH1IN1	Fundamentals of Atomic Structure and the Periodic	20	C	
	Table			
CH1OR1	Shape, Structure and Reactivity in Organic	20	C	
	Chemistry			
CH1PH1	Physical Processes and Molecular Organisation	20	C	
CH1PRA	Laboratory Skills for Chemists	20	C	
AR1TS3	Practising Archaeology: methods and approaches	20	C	
The following module is compulsory for students who do not have an A or AS				
level pass in Mathematics.				
CH1M	Chemistry M	20	C	

The following module is **compulsory** for those students with an A level pass at grade **C-E** and **optional** for those with a grade **A-B**.

CH1M2 Mathematics for Chemistry2 10

 \mathbf{C}

Optional modules (10 or 20 credits)

Students who are not required to take CM1M or CH1M2 will take one of the following two twenty credit archaeology modules.

Students who are required to take CH1M2 will take one 10 credit module from outside of the Department of Chemistry.

		Credits	Level
AR1P2	Primates to Pyramids: an introduction to world	20	C
	prehistory		
AR1RM2	From Rome to the Reformation: an introduction to	20	C
	historic archaeology		

Part 2 (three terms) (2008-2009)

Compulsory Mo	odules (110 credits)	Credits	Level
CH2I1	Inorganic Chemistry 2	20	I
CH2O1	Organic Chemistry 2	20	I
CH2P1	Physical Chemistry 2	20	I
CH2A1	Analytical Chemistry & Professional Skills 2	20	I
AR2S1	Archaeological Science	20	I
AR2F4	Silchester Field School	10	I
Ontional modul	les (10 credits)		

Optional modules (10 credits)

inies (10 creatis)		
t modules to be chosen from the following:	Credits	Level
Archaeological Thought	10	I
Human Activity and Environmental Change	10	I
Techniques in Artefact Interpretation	10	I
Techniques in Skeletal Interpretation	10	I
	Human Activity and Environmental Change Techniques in Artefact Interpretation	t modules to be chosen from the following: Archaeological Thought Human Activity and Environmental Change Techniques in Artefact Interpretation Credits 10 10

Part 3 (three terms) (2009-2010)

CH3A1 Analytical Chemistry & Professional Skills 2 20 H Su, Au, Sp and CH3PR Project 40 H Au, Sp, Su	Compulsory modules (60 credits)		Credits	Level	Term
	CH3A1	Analytical Chemistry & Professional Skills 2	20	Н	Su, Au, Sp
CH3PR Project 40 H Au, Sp, Su	and				
	CH3PR	Project	40	Н	Au, Sp, Su
or	or				
CH3PRE BSc Project in Chemistry Education 40 H Au, Sp, Su	CH3PRE	BSc Project in Chemistry Education	40	Н	Au, Sp, Su
Optional modules (60 credits)	Optional n	nodules (60 credits)			
Four 10 credit modules must be selected from the following: Credits Level Term	Four 10 c	redit modules must be selected from the following:	Credits	Level	Term
CH3I1 <i>d- and f- Block Chemistry</i> 10 H ^{Au}	CH3I1	d- and f- Block Chemistry	10	Н	Au
CH3I2 Clusters, Extended Arrays and Solid-State Chemistry 10 H Sp	CH3I2	Clusters, Extended Arrays and Solid-State Chemistry	10	Н	Sp
CH3O1 Advanced Organic Chemistry- Synthesis of Complex 10 H Au	CH3O1	Advanced Organic Chemistry- Synthesis of Complex	10	Н	Au
Targets		Targets			
CH3O2 Advanced Organic Chemistry- Contemporary 10 H Sp	CH3O2	Advanced Organic Chemistry- Contemporary	10	Н	Sp
Synthetic Methodology		Synthetic Methodology			
CH3P1 Advanced Topics in Physical Chemistry 1 10 H Au	CH3P1	Advanced Topics in Physical Chemistry 1	10	H	Au
CH3P2 Advanced Topics in Physical Chemistry 2 10 H Sp	CH3P2	Advanced Topics in Physical Chemistry 2	10	Н	Sp

Additionally **one** 20 credit module must be selected from the following list.

AR3S6	Paleopathology	20	Н
AR3S4	Micromorphology and the study of early agricultural	20	Н
	and urban settlements and landscapes		

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Progression from Part 1 to Part 2:

To gain a threshold performance at Part 1 a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 1 and

not less than 40% in the compulsory core modules (CH1IN1, CH1OR1 and CH1PH1) averaged together **and**

not less than 40% in the practical chemistry module CH1PRA and

not less than 40% in the compulsory Archaeology modules (AR1TS1) and either AR1P1 or AR1RM1)

Progression from Part 2 to Part 3

To gain a threshold performance at Part 2 a student shall normally be required to achieve: an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 2, and

not less than 40% in the core modules (CH2I1, CH2O1, CH2P1 and CH2A1) averaged together **and**

not less than 40% in the practical chemistry components of the core chemistry modules averaged together **and**

not less than 40% in each of the compulsory Archaeology modules (AR2S1 and AR2F4S)

A pass of at least 40% in module CH3PR or CH3PRE is required to qualify for an honours degree.

Students who do not average 40% in their Archaeology modules in Part 1 or Part 2 but who are otherwise qualified may transfer to the BSc Chemistry programme.

Summary of Teaching and Assessment

Teaching is organised in modules that involve a combination of lectures, tutorials, workshops and practical sessions. Modules are assessed by a mixture of coursework and formal examinations. At least 50% of the assessment will normally be by formal examination except for the Part 3 project and the Silchester Field School, which will be assessed through laboratory or field work, the written report and an oral presentation.

Part 2 contributes one third and Part 3 contributes two thirds towards the Final Degree classification.

The University's honours classification is as follows:

<u>Mark</u>	<u>Interpretation</u>
70% - 100%	First class
60% - 69%	Upper Second class
50% - 59%	Lower Second class
40% - 49%	Third class
35% - 39%	Pass below Honours standard
0% - 35%	Fail

Admission requirements

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained:

Grade C or better in Mathematics and English in GCSE; and to have achieved

UCAS tariff: 260 from 3 A levels including B in Chemistry (two AS grades are acceptable

in place of one A-level), or

International Baccalaureate: 30 points including 6 in chemistry, or

Scottish Highers: BBBB including B in Chemistry, or

Irish Leaving Certificate: BBBBC including B in Chemistry.

Admissions Tutor: Dr JM Elliott email: j.m.elliott@rdg.ac.uk

Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Learning Resource Centre with some 200 workstations. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Special Needs Advisers, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union.

Within the Department of Chemistry additional support is given through practical classes and tutorials in every Part of the degree programme. There are Course Advisers for every Part of the programme and the Director of Undergraduate Studies is also available for consultation and advice on academic and personal matters.

Careers prospects

A BSc degree in Chemistry with Archaeology from the University of Reading provides a strong platform from which to undertake a wide range of careers both within the chemical community and outside. The degree contains a core of chemistry modules and as such Chemistry with Archaeology graduates will have available to them most of the career options that are also available to BSc Chemistry graduates. Chemists are highly valued for their numerical and problem solving skills as well as their technical knowledge. They can use their chemical knowledge as research workers, technical assistants, or sales and marketing personnel within the chemical industry. Alternatively, Chemistry graduates from Reading have found employment using their numerical and other skills in more general areas such as accounting and computing. In addition, some students with a BSc chemistry degree pursue postgraduate work, either at Reading or elsewhere, by studying for a higher degree in specialised areas of Chemistry. Chemistry with Archaeology graduates will be qualified to follow all of the career paths listed above. In addition they will gain specialised knowledge of scientific archaeology and of analytical chemistry. This will allow employment in areas where analytical chemistry is utilised to investigate archaeological problems.

Opportunities for study abroad

Only limited opportunities for study abroad are available in this programme. The programme specification does not allow language modules to be taken, as such study abroad would only be available to those students who already have sufficient language skills. For those students it would be possible for a non-assessed year abroad to be intercalated between parts 2 and 3 of the programme.

Programme outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

Knowledge and Understanding

A. Knowledge and understanding of:

- 1. the fundamental concepts and techniques of chemistry
- 2. a selection of more specialist topics in the three main branches of the subject and in analytical chemistry
- 3. the main techniques involved in practical work
- the spectroscopic methods used to ident ify molecules and to determine their structure and the basics of the underlying theory
- 5. specialised topics in archaeology particularly in scientific archaeology
- 6. the principles of archaeological fieldwork

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

The knowledge required for the basic topics is provided in formal lectures supported by problem sets for students to tackle on their own and which are discussed formally in tutorial sessions with members of staff.

Practical classes are held throughout Parts 1 & 2 in which students develop their skills prior to applying them in their Part 3 project.

Feedback on student work is provided by the discussion and return of work in tutorials and by regular workshop sessions during which students tackle unseen problems in the presence of academic staff who provide support.

All practical work is marked and returned to the student.

Assessment

Most knowledge is tested through a combination of coursework and unseen formal examinations, although 3 and 6 are assessed by coursework. Dissertations and oral presentations also contribute to assessment, particularly in Part 3.

Skills and other attributes

B. Intellectual skills – be able to:

- 1. think logically
- 2. analyse and solve problems
- 3. organise tasks into a structured form
- 4. understand the evolving state of knowledge in a rapidly developing area
- 5. transfer appropriate knowledge and methods from one topic within the subject to another
- 6. plan, conduct and write a report on an independent project.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Logic is an essential part of the understanding and construction of synthetic methods and mechanistic pathways which form the framework for much organic and inorganic chemistry.

While not exclusively the preserve of physical chemistry, problem solving plays a major part in this section of the course and in the Silchester Field School.

Latest developments in the subject are introduced where appropriate, particularly in Part 3.

Practical reports in Part 1 & 2 provide training for the Part 3 project report.

Assessment

1-4 are assessed directly and indirectly in most parts of this chemistry with archaeology programme, while 5 contributes to the most successful work.

6 is assessed in the Part 3 project report.

C Practical Skills:- be able to

- 1. follow practical instructions safely and accurately
- 2. carry out a variety of experimental procedures
- 3. measure and interpret various spectroscopic techniques
- 4. interpret quantitatively the results of their experiments
- 5. formulate safety protocols
- 6. devise suitable experimental methods for tackling a particular problem
- 7. carry out archaeological study in the field

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Detailed practical manuals are provided for all practical courses in Parts 1 & 2, together with sources of recommended further reading. Staff and post-graduate demonstrators are present during every practical session to guide and help students and to mark their reports.

Workshop sessions are held to assist students in interpreting spectroscopic information obtained on unknown compounds.

In Part 3 students work on individual projects under the supervision of one or more members of staff.

Assessment

- 1 to 4 are tested to different extents by the practical work associated with Parts 1 & 2 of the chemistry course and in Archaeological Science
- 3 is assessed through problems set in written examinations.
- 5 is specifically assessed during the organic practical course in Part 2, although safe working procedures are emphasised at every stage.
- 3 is specifically but not exclusively assessed within core modules CH2A1 and CH3A1.
- 6 is assessed in the Part 3 project.
- 7 is assessed through the Silchester Field School

D. Transferable skills – be able to:

- 1. use IT (word-processing, spreadsheets and chemical databases)
- 2. communicate scientific ideas
- 3. give oral presentations
- 4. work as part of a team
- 5. use library resources
- 6. manage time
- 7. plan their career

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

The use of IT is embedded throughout the programme but, is specifically addressed in the core modules CH1IN1 and CH1PH1.

Team work and career planning are part of module CH2A1 and teamwork is also a major component of the Silchester Field School. Oral presentations are associated with modules CH3A1 and CH3PR and CH3PRE.

Library resources are specifically addressed through a small project in module CH3A1, and within the third year project.

Time management is essential for the timely and effective completion of the programme

Assessment

1 - 5 contribute assessed coursework within the two compulsory modules on analytical and professional skills, CH2A1 and CH3A1. Career planning is assessed through the 5 credit CMS course embedded within module CH2A1.

Please note: This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably expect to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in module and programme handbooks.