BSc Human Geography For students entering Part 1 in 2006

UCAS code: L722

Awarding Institution: Teaching Institution: Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group(s): Faculty of Science Date of specification: Sep 2007 Programme Director: Dr KH White Programme Adviser: Dr KH White Board of Studies: Geography Accreditation: The University of Reading The University of Reading Geography Programme length: 3 years

Summary of programme aims

The programme aims to provide undergraduate students with both subject-specific knowledge and general skills. It aims:

- to give students a thorough insight into the importance of a geographic perspective on human processes, including the manner in which these processes operate at global, regional and local scales
- to impart knowledge of the theory and practice of human geography
- to encourage students to make appropriate use of theories and research findings from the social sciences in understanding spatial phenomena
- to develop students' skills in applying theoretical concepts, knowledge and philosophies to the understanding of particular environments, spatial differences and to decision-making
- to develop understanding of the interaction between various types of social and economic processes in urban, regional and international systems
- to develop an understanding through fieldwork and other forms of experiential learning
- to develop skills in how to interpret, analyse and tackle geographical issues
- to develop interdisciplinary aspects of knowledge
- to promote students' ability to engage in lifelong learning

Transferable skills

The University's Strategy for Teaching and Learning has identified a number of generic transferable skills which all students are expected to have developed by the end of their degree programme. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to enhance their skills relating to career management, communication (both written and oral), information handling, numeracy, problem-solving, team working and use of information technology.

By the end of the programme students also should have acquired: critical and analytical skills; a basic competence in empirical research; an ability to place issues in a wider context, to make connections between apparently disparate events and issues, and to handle alternative ways of understanding particular situations; an ability to relate theoretical knowledge and ideas to practical situations; writing, reasoning, verbal and presentation skills, and specific technical skills, such as computing, word-processing and statistics.

Programme content

The profile which follows states which modules are compulsory, together with lists of optional modules from which the student must make a selection in consultation with their programme adviser. Students must take a combination of compulsory and optional modules making a total of 120 credits in each Part of the programme. The number of credits for each module is shown

after its title. At Part 1 students may take all their modules in Geography or opt to take modules in other departments. In Part 2 students take a combination of core compulsory and optional modules. Part 3 students write a dissertation (40 credits) and select from a list of Geography modules that are approved each year. The actual list of modules available may vary from year to year according to staffing.

Part 1 (three ter Compulsory mod		Credits	Level
GG1H1	Human Geography 1: Society and Space	20	С
GG1H2	Human Geography 2: Cores and Peripheries	20	C
GG1GT	Geographical Techniques	20	С
<i>Option modules</i> 60 Credits chosen GG1P1 GG1P3 and modules in o	Physical Geography 1: Climatology and Hydrology Physical Geography 2: Earth Surface Processes	20 20	C C
Part 2 (three terms)		Credits	Level
Compulsory mod	lules (Group 1)		
GG2HP	History & Philosophy of Geography	10	Ι
GG2TP	Team Projects	10	Ι
GG2CDS	Career Development Skills	10	Ι
GG2FH	Human Geography Field class (or according to degree registered for at time of booking)	20	Ι
In addition to 50 At least 20 from At least 30 from Remainder from	Group 3		
Group 2			
GG2WP	Web Page Development	10	Ι
GG2M	GIS & Mapping	10	Ι
GG2P9	Remote Sensing	10	Ι
GG2P10	Image Processing	10	Ι
Group 3			
GG2H1	Geographies of Development	10	Ι
GG2H2	Economic Geography	10	Ι
GG2H4	Urban Geography	10	Ι
GG2ER	Energy Resources	10	Ι
GG2SG	Social Geography	10	Ι

Group 4					
GG2P1	Geomorphological Hazards	10	Ι		
GG2P8	Biogeography & Ecosystems	10	Ι		
GG2P3	Human Activity & Environmental Change	10	Ι		
GG2ER	Energy Resources	10	Ι		
GG2P5	Hydrological Processes	10	Ι		
Group 5					
	<i>Approved modules from other departments, inc. Institution</i> <i>Wide Language Programme</i>				
Part 3 (three te	rms)	Credits	Level		
Compulsory mod	dules				
GG3D	Dissertation	40	Н		
Optional module	Optional modules:				
4 modules (80 credits) chosen from a list of modules approved each year.					
Those currently	approved include:				
GG320	Tourism in the Third World	20	Н		
GG323	Sustainable Development	20	Н		
GG311	Social Inequalities and Difference	20	Н		
GG324	Urban Governance	20	Н		
GG321	Work, Employment and Development	20	Η		
GG315	Geographies of Children and Youth	20	Н		
GG3D	Geographies of Disability	20	Н		
GG330	Dryland Environments	20	Η		
GG340	Biodiversity and Conservation Field Class	20	Н		
GG326	Environment and Landscape in Historic Periods	20	Н		
GG362	Water Resources	20	Н		
GG336	Managing Environmental Change	20	Н		
GG329	Finland Fieldclass	20	Н		

GG333GISGG361Aquatic Environments: Problems and Management

Progression requirements

To gain a threshold performance at Part 1 a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 1 and achieve an average mark of 40% in the 40 credits of modules GG1H1 and GG1H2.

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Η

To gain a threshold performance at Part 2 a student shall normally be required to achieve: an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 2.

Summary of teaching and assessment

There are a whole variety of teaching and assessment methods used in the degree programme modules. A typical module would involve lectures and either seminars or practicals. Many of the modules are assessed with some continuous assessment and a written exam. However, a number of modules are totally continuously assessed or totally written exam.

There is a university-wide marking scheme and classification of honours.

Mark Interpretation	
70% - 100%	First Class
60% - 69%	Upper Second Class
50% - 59%	Lower Second Class
40% - 49%	Third Class
35% - 39%	Below Honours Standard
0% - 34%	Fail

Admission requirements

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained: Grade C or better in English Language and Mathematics in GCSE/O Level UCAS Tariff: 300 points, 100 points in Geography. Total points must include at least 2 A2 passes. Total points exclude Key Skills and General Studies. International Baccalaureate: 31 points including 6 in Geography

Irish Highers: BBBBB

We welcome deferred-entry applications from those wanting to take a gap year between school and university, and from mature students and students with special needs, for whom we may take a broader view of entry requirements. For those with special needs we are happy, when necessary, to take a flexible approach to field-work and practical work requirements, and to make appropriate arrangements for note taking and examinations.

Admissions Tutors: Dr G Griffiths.

Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4,000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@IL) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Special Needs Advisor, Study Advisors, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union.

Career prospects

A Reading geography degree is designed to assist graduate employment in three ways:

Firstly, it provides a basis for employment in fields directly or indirectly related to the content of the degree course, though this often involves a post-graduate qualification. Examples are jobs in teaching (in universities, colleges, schools and field centres), regional and economic planning, computing, transport management, conservation, land evaluation, civil engineering. Secondly, a Reading geography degree enhances employment prospects because of the rigorous academic training regardless of the subject matter. Again, most other jobs usually involve further (in-service) training. Examples of such careers include insurance, banking, accountancy, civil service, armed forces and commercial management.

Thirdly, employers are attracted by the impressive quantitative/numeracy skills acquired in the degree programme, together with their experiences in computer usage, field projects (at home and abroad) and the planning/execution of the major dissertation research programme. Employers are seeking the flexible, skilled and adaptable geography graduates produced at Reading.

Opportunities for study abroad or for placements

As part of the Part 3 programme, students can spend one term, either term 7 or term 8, studying at a European University under the ERASMUS exchange scheme. Study undertaken abroad substitutes for study in Reading.

There is a well-established and active programme in Human Geography with the University of Groningen, The Netherlands. Links have also been established with the University of Trier, Germany.

The Erasmus programmes are co-ordinated by Dr S. Lloyd-Evans.

Educational aims of the programme

The programme aims to produce graduates with both subject-specific skills and knowledge in Geography and a range of cognitive, generic and transferable skills.

Programme Outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

A. Knowledge and understanding of: Teaching/learning methods and strategies 1. Processes, concepts and techniques in Most of the knowledge required for the basic topics is discussed in formal lectures human geography. supported by smaller group discussions and 2. The nature of change and the significance practicals. of spatial relationships within human and physical environments. At Part 2 knowledge is also gained through a 1-week fieldclass and practical work. 3. Fundamental concepts of human geography such as environment, place, In Part 3 the specialised option modules spatial variation, and representation of include writing detailed assessments of set landscape and environment topics, making oral presentations and joining in group discussion 4. Geographic perspectives on social and physical processes and their interaction at Assessment global, regional and local scales. Most knowledge is tested through a combination of coursework and unseen 5. The main methodological strategies used formal examinations. in the analysis of geographical information. Oral presentations also contribute. 6. The application of geographical concepts, techniques and expertise to problem solving.

Knowledge and Understanding

Skills and	other attributes
B. Intellectual skills – able to:	Teaching/learning methods and strategies
1. think logically	The need to think logically and analytically
2. develop a reasoned argument	permeates the compulsory modules in the course. Skills 2-7 are developed in essay
3. organise tasks into a structured form	writing, and continuously assessed project work and the dissertation. 8 is developed throughout the entire programme. 9 is
4. abstract and synthesise information	developed both in discussion groups, readings and written work.
5. critically judge and evaluate evidence	The more specialist topics provide many
6. assess the merits of contrasting theories, explanations and policies	opportunities to apply and develop these skills through the analysis of a range of problems in a wide variety of contexts.
7. transfer appropriate techniques and knowledge from one subject area to another	Assessment
8. organise and reflect upon their own learning	1-6 are covered extensively in the core modules; 7-9 are given wide scope in the optional modules.
9. recognise the moral and ethical issues involved in academic and policy debates	1
C. Practical skills – able to:	Teaching/learning methods and strategies
1. present a chain of reasoning	Modules concentrate on formal geographic reasoning. Problem solving forms an
2. apply theoretical concepts and knowledge to the understanding of particular	important part of class work.
environments and spatial differences and to decision-making	In geography the ability to use all these skills is developed through essay writing,
3. analyse geographic problems using a variety of techniques and principles.	practicals, field work and small group discussions.
 evaluate policies from a geographic 	The assessed work in the specialised options involves writing detailed assessments of set
standpoint	topics.
5. communicate both orally and in writing critical analysis of geographic and environmental issues	Assessment All skills are tested through a combination of coursework, including both problem solving
6. plan, organise and write a report on an independent project	and essays, and through unseen examinations. 6 is assessed directly by means of the large number of essays prepared in Parts 1, 2 and 3. It is also assessed in Part 2
7. plan and undertake field surveys	projects and the Dissertation.
8. analyse data gathered from the field and be aware of its limitations	

D. Transferable skills – able to:	Teaching/learning methods and strategies
 use IT (word-processing, spreadsheets databases, email and www)) apply skills of numeracy, graphicity and computation to data analysis 	The use of IT is initiated in the Part 1 IT and Statistics module and further developed in the Part 2 Geographical Techniques module. Word processing is required throughout the degree programme
 3. communicate ideas in a logical way in both writing and speech 4. give oral presentations 5. contribute to group discussions of a 	Seminars in Parts 2 and 3 involve group discussions and oral presentations. Part 2 work includes preparation of group projects Library and internet resources have to be used continuously in the preparation of
geographic problem6. use library resources both on- and off-line7. manage time	essays and project work The highly structured system of deadlines for assessed work requires good time management
8. plan career strategy	Career planning is taught through a Part 2 Career Management Skills course with lectures and self paced computer-based assignments. Also, one-to-one meetings with career staff can be arranged
	Assessment IT skills are assessed directly at Part I. Most skills are tested indirectly through the preparation of course and project work.

Please note - This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in the module description and in the programme handbook. The University reserves the right to modify this specification in unforeseen circumstances, or where the process of academic development and feedback from students, quality assurance processes or external sources, such as professional bodies, requires a change to be made. In such circumstances, a revised specification will be issued.