# **BSc Chemistry with Information Technology For students entering Part 1 in 2006**

Awarding Institution: The University of Reading Teaching Institution: The University of Reading

Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group: Chemistry

Faculty of Life Sciences

Programme Length: 3 years

Date of specification: April 2006

**UCAS Code: F1G5** 

Programme Director: Dr R.J. Hobson

Programme Adviser: Drs. MJ Almond and EM Page

Board of Studies: Chemistry

Recognition: The Royal Society of Chemistry

#### **Summary of programme aims and learning outcomes:**

The programme is designed to provide a broad and rigorous study of modern Chemistry while at the same time giving students a background in Information Technology focusing on the use of software packages and information technology support. It is designed to receive recognition by the Royal Society of Chemistry. (For a fuller statement of the programme aims and learning outcomes see below.)

#### Transferable skills

The University's Strategy for Teaching and Learning has identified a number of generic transferable skills which all students are expected to have developed by the end of their degree programme. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to develop their skills relating to career management, communication (both written and oral), information handling, numeracy, problem-solving, team-working. A major focus of the degree is in the area of information technology.

As part of this programme students are expected to have gained experience and show competence in the following skills: IT (which is taught as a substantial part of the course), scientific writing, oral presentation, team-working, problem-solving, use of library resources, time-management, and career planning and management.

# **Programme content**

The BSc Chemistry with Information Technology degree programme is divided into three Parts, each of 120 credits. The degree profile outlined below lists the compulsory modules and gives some indication of the optional modules from which the student must make a selection. Students choose such optional modules in consultation with the Programme Adviser or the Programme Director. The number of credits for each module is given after its title.

#### Part 1 (three terms) (2006-2007)

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Compulsory M	Nodules (110 or 120 credits)	Credits	Level
CH1I1	Introduction to Inorganic Chemistry	20	C
CH1O1	Introduction to Organic Chemistry	20	C
CH1P1	Introduction to Physical Chemistry	20	C
CS1TQ2	COTS1	20	C
CS1TT2	IT Support 1	20	C
CH1SK1	Skills for Chemists	10	C

The following module is **compulsory** for students who do not have an A or AS level pass in Mathematics and must be taken in place of CH1SK1. For these students there are no optional modules.

CH1M Chemistry M 20

C The following module is **compulsory** for those students with an A level pass at grade

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

**C-E** and **optional** for those with a grade **A-B**.

Mathematics for Chemistry2 CH1M2

10

Optional modules

Students will select modules amounting to 10 credits from outside the School of Chemistry if they do not take module CH1M or CH1M2.

# Part 2 (three terms) (2007-2008)

odules (120 credits)	Credits	Level
Inorganic Chemistry 2	20	I
Organic Chemistry 2	20	I
Physical Chemistry 2	20	I
Analytical Chemistry & Professional Skills 1	20	I
Databases for Business	20	I
Programming	20	C
	Inorganic Chemistry 2 Organic Chemistry 2 Physical Chemistry 2 Analytical Chemistry & Professional Skills 1 Databases for Business	Inorganic Chemistry 220Organic Chemistry 220Physical Chemistry 220Analytical Chemistry & Professional Skills 120Databases for Business20

Optional modules

There are no optional modules in part 2 of this degree programme.

## Part 3 (three terms) (2008-2009)

Compulsory mod	dules (90 credits)	Credits	Level
CS3TB4	Software Quality and Testing	10	Н
CS2TT3	IT Support 2	20	I
CH3PR	Project	40	Н
CH3A1	Analytical Chemistry and Professional Skills 2	20	Н
Optional module	es (30 credits)		
Students will be	required to select three from the following six 10 credi	t modules.	
CH3I1	Multinuclear Metal Systems and Organometallics	10	Н
CH3I2	Shapes and Structures of Small Molecules and	10	Н
	Extended Arrays		
CH3O1	Advanced Organic Chemistry- Synthesis of Complex	10	Н
	Targets		
CH3O2	Advanced Organic Chemistry- Contemporary	10	Н
	Synthetic Methodology		
CH3P1	Physical Chemistry at the Interface	10	Н
CH3P2	Chemical Kinetics and Computer Modelling	10	Н

## **Progression requirements**

## **Progression from Part 1 to Part 2:**

To gain a threshold performance at Part 1 a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 1 and

not less than 40% in the compulsory core modules (CH1I1, CH1O1 and CH1P1) averaged together and

not less than 40% in the practical chemistry components of the core modules averaged together.

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#### **Progression from Part 2 to Part 3**

To gain a threshold performance at Part 2 a student shall normally be required to achieve: an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 2, and

not less than 40% in the core modules (CH2I1, CH2O1, CH2P1 and CH2A1) averaged together and

not less than 40% in the practical chemistry components of the core chemistry modules averaged together.

A pass of at least 40% in module CH3PR is required to qualify for an honours degree.

## **Summary of Teaching and Assessment**

Teaching is organised in modules that involve a combination of lectures, tutorials, workshops and practical sessions. Modules are assessed by a mixture of coursework and formal examinations. At least 50% of the assessment will normally be by formal examination except for the Part 3 project, which will be assessed through laboratory work, the written report and an oral presentation.

Part 2 contributes one third and Part 3 contributes two thirds towards the Final Degree classification.

The University's honours classification is as follows:

70% - 100% First class
60% - 69% Upper Second class
50% - 59% Lower Second class
40% - 49% Third class
35% - 39% Pass below Honours standard
0% - 35% Fail

## **Admission requirements**

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained:

Grade C or better in Mathematics and English in GCSE; and to have achieved

UCAS tariff: 280 from 3 A levels including B in Chemistry (two AS grades are acceptable in place of one A-level), or

International Baccalaureate: 30 points including 6 in chemistry, or

Scottish Highers: BBBB including B in Chemistry, or

Irish Leaving Certificate: BBBBC including B in Chemistry.

Admissions Tutor: Dr M J Almond email: m.j.almond@rdg.ac.uk

#### Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Learning Resource Centre with some 200 workstations. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Special Needs Advisers, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union.

Within the Chemistry Department additional support is given through practical classes and tutorials in every Part of the degree programme. There is a Study Skills adviser and the Director of Undergraduate Studies is also available for consultation and advice on academic and personal matters.

#### Careers prospects

A BSc degree in Chemistry with Information Technology from the University of Reading provides a strong platform from which to undertake a wide range of careers both within the chemical community and outside. The strong emphasis on information technology within the course opens up a large number of career opportunities in Computational Chemistry (a strong area of employment in the UK, Europe and the US). Graduates of this course can use their chemical knowledge as research workers, technical assistants, or sales and marketing personnel within the chemical industry. Alternatively, Chemistry with Information Technology graduates from Reading would be able to find employment using their numerical and other skills in more general areas such as accounting and computing. In addition, students with this BSc degree would be eligible to pursue postgraduate work, either at Reading or elsewhere, by studying for a higher degree in specialised areas of Chemistry. The information technology part of the course is designed to be such that the graduate would be able to select and utilise appropriate software packages, carry out IT support and perform a basic level of programming.

# Opportunities for study abroad or in industry

For those with competence in a language other than English or who wish to study in a country where English is the national language special arrangements can be made. For others there would only be very limited opportunities for a student to study abroad on this programme because the programme specification does not allow time for the student to study the prerequisite language modules. However, for students not taking CH1M, a language module could be taken in Part 1. It would be possible for a student to intercalate a year in industry in year 3.

## **Programme outcomes**

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

Knowledge and Understanding

# A. Knowledge and understanding of:

- 1. the fundamental concepts and techniques chemistry
- 2. a selection of more specialist topics in the three main branches of the subject and in analytical chemistry
- 3. the main techniques involved in practical work
- 4. the spectroscopic methods used to identify molecules and to determine their structure and the basics of the underlying theory.

# Teaching/learning methods and strategies

The knowledge required for the basic topics is provided in formal lectures supported by problem sets for students to tackle on their own and which are discussed formally in tutorial sessions with members of staff.

Practical classes are held throughout Parts 1 & 2 in which students develop their skills prior to applying them in their Part 3 project.

Feedback on student work is provided by the discussion and return of work in tutorials and by regular workshop sessions during which students tackle unseen problems in the presence of academic staff who provide support.

All practical work is marked and returned to the student.

#### Assessment

Most knowledge is tested through a combination of coursework and unseen formal examinations, although 3 is assessed by coursework. Dissertations and oral presentations also contribute to assessment, particularly in Part 3.

## Skills and other attributes

#### **B.** Intellectual skills – be able to:

- 1. think logically
- 2. analyse and solve problems
- 3. organise tasks into a structured form
- 4. understand the evolving state of knowledge in a rapidly developing area
- 5. transfer appropriate knowledge and methods from one topic within the subject to another
- 6. plan, conduct and write a report on an independent project.

## Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Logic is an essential part of the understanding and construction of synthetic methods and mechanistic pathways which form the framework for much organic and inorganic chemistry.

While not exclusively the preserve of physical chemistry, problem solving plays a major part of this section of the course

Latest developments in the subject are introduced where appropriate, particularly in Part 3.

Practical reports in Part 1 & 2 provide training for the Part 3 project report.

#### Assessment

1-4 are assessed directly and indirectly in most parts of this chemistry course, while 5 contributes to the most successful work.

6 is assessed in the Part 3 project report..

#### C Practical Skills:- be able to

- 1. follow practical instructions safely and accurately
- 2. carry out a variety of experimental procedures
- 3. measure and interpret various spectroscopic techniques
- 4. interpret quantitatively the results of their experiments
- 5. formulate safety protocols
- 6. devise suitable experimental methods for tackling a particular problem

## Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Detailed practical manuals are provided for all practical courses in Parts 1 & 2, together with sources of recommended further reading. Staff and post-graduate demonstrators are present during every practical session to guide and help students and to mark their reports.

Workshop sessions are held to assist students in interpreting spectroscopic information obtained on unknown compounds.

In Part 3 students work on individual projects under the supervision of one or more members of staff.

#### Assessment

- 1 to 4 are tested to different extents by the practical work associated with Parts 1 & 2 of the chemistry course.
- 3 is assessed through problems set in written examinations.
- 5 is specifically assessed during the organic practical course in Part 2, although safe working procedures are emphasised at every stage.
- 3 is specifically but not exclusively assessed within core modules CH2A1 and CH3A1.
- 6 is assessed in the Part 3 project.

## **D.** Transferable skills – be able to:

- 1. use IT (word-processing, spreadsheets and chemical databases)
- 2. communicate scientific ideas
- 3. give oral presentations
- 4. work as part of a team
- 5. use library resources
- 6. manage time
- 7. plan their career.

# Teaching/learning methods and strategies

The use of IT is embedded throughout the programme but, is specifically addressed in the core module CH1SK1.

Team work and career planning are part of module CH2A1. Oral presentations are associated with modules CH3A1 and CH3PR.

Library resources are specifically addressed through a small project in module CH3A1, and within the third year project.

Time management is essential for the timely and effective completion of the programme

#### Assessment

1 - 5 contribute assessed coursework within the two compulsory modules on analytical and professional skills, CH2A1 and CH3A1.

Career planning is assessed through the 5 credit CMS course embedded within module CH2A1.

Please note - This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in the module description and in the programme handbook. The University reserves the right to modify this specification in unforeseen circumstances, or where the process of academic development and feedback from students, quality assurance processes or external sources, such as professional bodies, requires a change to be made. In such circumstances, a revised specification will be issued.