### BSc PHYSICS AND METEOROLOGY

UCAS Code FF39

Degree programme for students entering Part 1 in October 2005

Awarding Institution: The University of Reading Teaching Institution: The University of Reading

Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group: Physics

Faculty of Science Programme length: 3 years

Date of specification: 2 March 2005 Programme Director: Dr P.A. Hatherly Programme Adviser: Dr E.J. Highwood

Board of Studies: MMP

Accreditation: This degree programme has been accredited by the

Institute of Physics and by the Royal Meteorology

Society.

#### Aims

To provide graduates with a secure and demonstrable knowledge and skills base in physics and meteorology, an appreciation of the context and impact of physics and meteorology and the ability to apply the power of scientific methodology.

# **Programme content**

The profile that follows states which modules must be taken (the compulsory part), together with one or more lists of modules from which the student must make a selection (the "selected" modules). Students must choose such additional modules as they wish, in consultation with their programme adviser, to make 120 credits in each Part. The number of modules credit for and the level of each module are shown in brackets after its title.

# PART 1 (2005-2006)

Compulsory Modules

Module Code	Module Name	Credits	Level
MA111	Mathematics for Scientists	20	C
MT11A	Introduction to Atmospheric Science	20	C
MT11B	Weather Systems Analysis	20	C
PH1006	Great Ideas in Physics	20	C
PH1002	Classical Physics	20	C
PH1101	Current Research Topics I	10	C
PH1202	Fourier and Vector Methods	10	C

# PART 2 (2006-2007)

Compulsory Modules

Module	Module Name	Credits	Level
MT24A	Atmosphere & Ocean Dynamics	20	I
MT24B	Atmospheric Physics	20	I
MT24C	Numerical Methods for Environmental Science	10	I
PH2001	Thermal Physics	20	I
PH2002	Quantum Physics	20	I
PH2003	Electromagnetism	20	I

PH2501 Applied Physics 10 I
Note: PH1002 contains 5 credits of Introduction to Condensed Matter Physics and 5
Credits of Career Skills

# PART 3 (2007-2008)

Compulsory Mo	dules			
Module	Module Name		Credits	Level
MT37D	Remote sensing		10	Н
MT38B	Climate Change		10	Н
PH3701	Relativity		10	Н
PH3702	Condensed Matter		10	Н
PH3703	Atomic & Molecular Physics		10	Н
PH3709	Statistical Mechanics		10	Н
PH3801	Nuclear & Particle Physics		10	Н
0.1 / 13/ 1.1				
Selected Module	es			
Group 1	n			
Choose EITHE		40	TT	
PH3003	Physics Project	40	Н	
OR		20	**	
MT37A	Meteorology Project	30	Н	
Group 2				
Choose EITHER	}			
PH3809	Problem-Solving in Physics	10	Н	
OR	2			
MT37B	General studies in Meteorology	10	Н	
Group 3				
-	Project chosen, choose 10 credits from			
MT26F	Atmospheric analogues		10	Н
MT37F	Oceanography		10	H
	<u> </u>		-	
			-	
MT38A MT38C	Global circulation  Numerical weather prediction		10 10	H H

# **Progression**

To gain a threshold performance at Part 1 a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 1 and achieve a minimum of 30% in each of PH1006, PH1002, MA111, MT11A and MT11B.

To gain a threshold performance at Part 2 a student shall normally be required to achieve: an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 2 and achieve a mark of at least 30% in all modules.

### **Summary of teaching and assessment**

A wide variety of teaching/learning methods are used; lectures; problem-solving workshops; independent-learning; FLAP; practical laboratories; computational laboratories; projects.

The teaching is organised in modules: In a typical lecture-based module the teaching is supplemented by problem-solving workshops that provide interaction between student and lecturer.

Modules are assessed by a combination of continuous assessment and formal examinations. The aim of the continuous assessment is to provide feedback to each student as the module progresses.

The final-year project (under the guidance of a project supervisor) provides an opportunity for independent learning and investigation.

The contributions of Parts 2, 3 and 4 to the final degree assessment for Physics-administered MPhys programmes will be in the proportions 1:2:2. For BSc programmes, the contributions of Part 2 and Part 3 to the final assessment will be in the proportions of 1:2.

### **Admission requirements**

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have at least:

UCAS Tariff 280 pts, including 180 pts in physics and mathematics.

There is no points distinction between BSc and MPhys entry but MPhys has more stringent progression rules at the end of the second year.

Admissions Tutor: Dr M Hilton.

### Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4,000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@IL) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Special Needs Advisor, Study Advisors, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union.

Within the contributing departments additional support is given though practical classes in Part 1. The development of problem-solving skills is assisted by extensive provision of model solutions to problems. There is a Course Adviser to offer advice on the choice of modules within the programme.

# **Career prospects**

In recent years the graduates on Reading physics-based degrees have progressed to careers in

- Scientific Research in Government and Industrial Laboratories
- Computing and IT industry
- Electronic engineering
- Production engineering

- Management in industry
- Accountancy and Financial Sector and also to Further education (PhD, MSc and BEd degrees).

# **Opportunities for study abroad**

Opportunities for study abroad within the EU are available through the University Study Abroad Programme.

# **Educational aims of the programme**

To provide graduates with a secure and demonstrable knowledge and skills base in physics, an appreciation of the context and impact of physics and the ability to apply the power of scientific methodology.

# **Programme Outcomes**

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

# **Knowledge and Understanding**

A. Knowledge and understanding of:

The empirical nature of physics: that theories must be testable and must be tested quantitatively.

The core topics of physics: classical and quantum mechanics; thermal and statistical physics; wave, optics and electromagnetism; particle physics.

The application of physical and mathematical methods to the description, modelling and prediction of physical phenomena.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies The knowledge required for the basic topics is delineated in formal lectures supported by problem-solving workshops.

The knowledge required for more specialist topics is enhanced through self-learning based on guided reading, problem solving and project work.

Assessment

Most knowledge is tested through a combination of coursework and unseen formal examinations. Practical work is assessed by means of logbooks, reports and viva examinations. Dissertation and oral presentations also contribute.

### Skills and other attributes

B. Intellectual skills – the ability to:

Recognise and use subject-specific theories, paradigms, concepts and principles

Analyse, synthesise and summarise information critically

Apply knowledge and understanding to address familiar and unfamiliar problems Collect and integrate evidence to formulate and test hypotheses

Teaching/learning methods and strategies Most modules are designed to develop 1 and 2.

1, 2 and 3 are enhanced through the use of coursework assignments, and project work. 4 is enhanced mainly by project work.

#### Assessment

1-3 are assessed indirectly in most parts of the programme. 3 is also assessed by a general problem-solving paper in finals. 4 is assessed in the final-year project.

# C. Practical skills

Planning, conducting, and reporting on experimental investigations

Planning, conducting, and reporting on theoretical/computational investigations Referencing work in an appropriate manner Teaching/learning methods and strategies Laboratory work, projects and IT classes are designed to enhance skills 1 and 2.

3 is emphasised through guidelines and advice given to students in connection with projects.

#### Assessment

- 1 and 2 are tested in laboratory and project modules.
- 3 is included within the assessment of laboratory and project reports.

# D. Transferable skills

Communication: the ability to communicate knowledge effectively through written and oral presentations.

Numeracy and C & IT: appreciating issues relating to treatment of laboratory data; preparing, processing, interpreting and presenting data; solving numerical problems using computer and non-computer based techniques; using the Internet critically as a source of information.

Interpersonal skills: ability to work with others as a team, share knowledge effectively; recognise and respect the views and opinions of other team members.

Self management and professional development: study skills, independent learning, time management, identifying and working towards targets for personal, academic and career development Library skills: the effective use of library

and internet resources.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies Skill listed under 1 and 2 are developed throughout most of the programme, but especially through practical and project work.

- 3 is encouraged through team-working within several modules.
- 4 is enhanced partly through the provision of a Career Development Skills module during part 3, and partly through a PAR tutorial system.
- 5 is covered by study skills incorporated in Part I modules.

#### Assessment

1 is assessed directly as an outcome of project work, and contributes to the assessment of practical work. 2 is assessed directly in the Computational Physics module and indirectly in most laboratory modules. Skills in 3, 4 and 5 are not assessed but their effective use will enhance performance in H level modules.

Please note: This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably expect to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in module and programme handbooks.