# BEng Electronic Engineering (4yr) For students entering Part 0 in 2004

Awarding Institution: Teaching Institution:

Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group(s):

Faculty of Science

Date of specification: 27/01/06

Programme Director: Eur Ing Dr Simon Sherratt Programme Adviser: Eur Ing Dr Simon Sherratt Board of Studies: Electronic Engineering

Accreditation: Institution of Electrical Engineering

The University of Reading The University of Reading

**UCAS code: H601** 

Engineering

Programme length: 4 years

# Summary of programme aims

To allow entry to an engineering degree programme by students who do not meet the normal entry requirements. To develop the students' knowledge of the theory and practice of modern electronic engineering, necessary for them to secure employment as professional electronic engineers in a wide variety of industries. A full statement of the educational aims and learning outcomes of the programme is given later in the programme specification.

### Transferable skills

The University's Strategy for Teaching and Learning has identified a number of generic transferable skills which all students are expected to have developed by the end of their degree programme. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to enhance their skills relating to career management, communication (both written and oral), information handling, numeracy, problem-solving, team working and use of information technology.

As part of this programme students are expected to have gained experience and show competence in the following transferable skills: IT (word-processing, using standard and mathematical software, scientific programming), scientific writing, oral presentation, team-working, problem-solving, use of library resources, time-management, career planning and management, and business awareness.

## **Programme content**

The profile which follows states which modules must be taken (the compulsory part), together with one or more lists of modules from which the student must make a selection (the "selected" modules). Students must choose such additional modules as they wish, in consultation with their programme adviser, to make 120 credits in each Part. The number of modules credit for each module is shown after its title

Part 0			
Compulsory modules		Credits	
PH0A	Foundation Physics A	20	0
PH0B	Foundation Physics B	20	0
CE0EMA	Mathematics A	20	0
CE0EMB	Mathematics B	20	0
EE0A	Electrical Science A	20	0
EE0B	Electrical Science B	20	0

Part 1			
Compulsory modules		Credits	Level
CY1A2	Cybernetics and Its Application	20	С
SE1A2	Introduction to Computer Systems	10	С
CS1G2	Introduction to Algorithms	10	С
SE1B2	Systems and Circuits	20	С
EG1C2	Engineering Mathematics	20	С
EE1A2	Electronic Devices and Telecoms	20	С
and either both			
CS1A2	Programming 1	10	С
CS1B2	Programming 2	10	С
or both			
CS1C2	Introductory Programming 1	10	С
CS1D2	Introductory Programming 2	10	C
COIDE	2	10	
Part 2			
Compulsory modules			
CY2A2	Control and Measurement	20	I
SE2P4	Engineering Applications	20	I
SE2A2	Signals and Telecoms	20	I
EE2A2	Embedded Microprocessor	20	I
	Systems Systems	20	1
EE2B4	Electromagnetism and its	20	I
DD2D4	applications	20	1
EE2C2	Digital Circuit Design	10	I
EE2Q2	IC Design	10	I
LLZQZ	To Besign	10	1
Part 3			
Compulsory modules			
EE3A2	Digital Signal Processing	10	Н
EE3B2	Advanced Digital Design	10	Н
EE3C2	Digital & Data Communications	20	Н
EE3P2	Electronic Engineering Project	30	Н
SE3Z5	Social, Legal and Ethical Aspects	20	Н
	of Science and Engineering		
Optional modules	(a total of 30 credits to be		
	chosen):		
CY3C2	State Space	10	Н
CY3D2	Measurement Systems	10	Н
CY3L2	Mechatronics	10	Н
EE3D2	Power Electronics	10	Н
EE3F2	Video Engineering & Digital	10	Н
	Media		
EE3G2	DSP in Communications	10	Н
XX3??	Language from IWLP	20	Н

## **Progression requirements**

To proceed to Part 1 (from part 0) it is necessary to obtain at least:

- an overall average of 55% in 120 credits
- 55% in Modules CE0EMA and CE0EMB averaged together,
- 45% in Modules PH0A and PH0B averaged together, and
- 55% in Modules EE0A and EE0B averaged together.

To gain a threshold performance at Part 1 and qualify for the CertHE a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1, where all the credits are at C level or above, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 1, and to have no module mark below 30%.

To gain a threshold performance at Part 2 and qualify for the DipHE a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 2. A student whose overall average is 60% or above in the 120 credits taken in Part 2 may be qualified for the MEng in Electronic Engineering degree.

## **Summary of teaching and assessment**

Teaching is organised in modules that typically involve lectures and tutorial or laboratory practicals. Most modules are assessed by a mixture of coursework and formal examination. Some modules, in particular the Part 3 are assessed only as coursework. Details are given in the relevant module description.

To be eligible for Honours, students must obtain an overall average mark of 40% **and** no mark lower than 30% in any module **and** at least 40% in EE3P2 *Electronic Engineering Project*.

Part 2 contributes one third of the overall assessment and Part 3 the remaining two thirds.

## **Admission requirements**

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained:

GCSE or O-level: Grade C Mathematics

A-level: 200 points, not necessarily science subjects, or equivalent. Overseas students with non A Level backgrounds but competent in English will be considered. Mature students wishing to study electronic engineering are encouraged to apply.

Admissions Tutor: Dr S.A. Shirsavar

### Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4,000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@IL) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Special Needs Advisor, Study Advisors, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union.

Within the providing Department additional support is given though practical laboratory classes. The development of problem-solving skills is assisted by appropriate assignment and project work.

There is a Course Adviser to offer advice on the choice of modules within the programme. Course handbooks are provided for each Part of the course: these give more details about the modules which make up the degree. In addition, the School of Computer Science, Cybernetics and Electronic Engineering produces a Handbook for Students, which provides general information about the staff and facilities within the school.

## Career prospects

In recent years most students who have followed this programme have gone into jobs involving electronic systems design. These include manufacturers of mobile phones, computers, computer networking products, and integrated circuits. Others have joined research groups in university and industry, the public service, and the teaching professions. Graduates from this programme (at 2:2 Hons or above) are partially exempt from the professional examinations of the Institution of Electrical Engineers. After a further period of higher education (a matching section) and a period of professional experience, a graduate can expect to achieve Chartered Engineer status.

## Opportunities for study abroad

N/A

## Educational aims of the programme

To develop the students' knowledge of the theory and practice of modern electronic engineering, necessary for them to secure employment as professional electronic engineers in a wide variety of industries; to encourage their critical and analytical skills; and to develop their skills in applying theoretical concepts to the practice of electronic systems design.

## **Programme Outcomes**

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

## Knowledge and Understanding

#### A. Knowledge and understanding of: Teaching/learning methods and strategies The knowledge required for the basic topics 1. appropriate mathematical techniques. is obtained via lectures, tutorials, laboratory 2. science underlying electronic practicals, assignments and project work. engineering systems. 3. information technology. Appropriate IT packages are taught. 4. design of electronic engineering systems. Demonstrators in laboratory and project 5. business context. supervisors advise students, and feedback is 6. engineering practice. provided on all continually assessed work. As the course progresses, students are expected to show greater initiative and undertake independent research. Assessment Most knowledge is tested through a combination of practicals, assignments and formal examinations: students write reports on most assignments after part 1, and oral presentations also contribute.

### Skills and other attributes

### **B. Intellectual skills** – able to:

- 1. select and apply appropriate scientific principles, mathematical and computer based methods for analysing general electronic engineering systems.
- 2. analyse and solve electronic engineering problems.
- 3. organise tasks into a structured form.
- 4. understand the evolving state of knowledge in a rapidly developing area.
- 5. transfer appropriate knowledge and methods from one topic within the subject to another.
- 6. plan, conduct and write a report on a project or assignment.
- 7. prepare an oral presentation.
- 8. understand commercial risk evaluation.

## Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Appropriate mathematical, scientific and IT skills and tools are taught in lectures, and problems to be solved are given as projects or assignments. Project planning is part of the Part 3 project, and written and oral presentations are required for various assignments and projects.

8 is provided by a module provided specifically for engineering students.

### Assessment

1-5 are assessed partly by examination, though sometimes also by project or assignment work. 6 and 7 are assessed as part of project work. 8 is assessed by an exam.

### **C. Practical skills** – able to:

- 1. use appropriate mathematical methods or IT tools.
- 2. program a computer to solve problems.
- 3. use relevant laboratory equipment and analyse the results critically.
- 4. design, build and test a system.
- 5. research into electronic engineering problems.
- 6. utilise project management methods.
- 7. present work both in written and oral form.

## Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Mathematics and IT tools are introduced in lectures and their use is assessed by examinations and assignments.

Programming assignments are set, and students may write programs to solve other projects.

Laboratory practicals and projects are used to teach about 3, and projects are used for 4, 5, 6 and 7

### Assessment

1 and 5 are tested in coursework and in examinations. 2, 5 and 7 are tested by assignments and projects, 3 is assessed in practicals and sometimes in projects, 4, 5 and 6 are assessed through project work.

### **D. Transferable skills** – able to:

- 1. use IT tools.
- 2. acquire, manipulate and process data.
- 3. use creativity and innovation.
- 4. solve problems.
- 5. communicate scientific ideas.
- 6. give oral presentations.
- 7. work as part of a team.
- 8. use information resources.
- 9. manage time.

### Teaching/learning methods and strategies

IT tools are taught partly in lectures, mainly through laboratory sessions and assignments. Data skills are acquired in laboratory and projects. Creativity and innovation and problems solving are experienced through projects, as are team working, time management and presentations. Use of information resources, such as the library and IT methods is experienced through projects and assignments.

### Assessment

Some skills, like the use of IT tools and ability to communicate orally and in written form are directly assessed, in assignments or projects, other skills are not directly assessed but their effective use will enhance the students overall performance.

Please note - This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in the module description and in the programme handbook. The University reserves the right to modify this specification in unforeseen circumstances, or where the process of academic development and feedback from students, quality assurance processes or external sources, such as professional bodies, requires a change to be made. In such circumstances, a revised specification will be issued.