## **BSc Biotechnology (with Industrial Training)** For students entering Part 1 in Autumn 2004

Awarding Institution: Teaching Institution: Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group(s):

## UCAS code: J700

The University of Reading The University of Reading Agriculture, Forestry, Agricultural Sciences, Food Sciences and Consumer Sciences, **and** Biosciences Programme length: 4 years

Faculty of Life SciencesProgramme length: 4Date of specification: February 2007Programme Director: Dr A S GrandisonProgramme Adviser: Dr A S GrandisonBoard of Studies: Undergraduate Programmes in the School of Food Biosciences

#### Summary of programme aims

The programme aims to provide a degree-level education from which graduates can enter a career in the biotechnology-based industries (or other areas of applied biology or processing) as scientists or technologists in production, research and development and to develop their capacity to undertake research into problems relating to the biotechnological products. The testable learning outcomes will be the ability to:

- integrate the scientific disciplines relevant to biotechnology
- apply and communicate scientific knowledge to meet the needs of industry and the consumer for the production and marketing of safe and quality biotechnology products.

#### Transferable skills

The University's Strategy for Teaching and Learning has identified a number of generic transferable skills which all students are expected to have developed by the end of their degree programme. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to enhance their skills relating to career management, communication (both written and oral), information handling, numeracy, problem-solving, team working and use of information technology.

#### **Programme content**

The profile which follows states which modules must be taken (the core Biotechnology modules) and, for Part 2 and 3, lists of modules from which the student must make a selection (the optional modules). For the optional modules, students are free to select any module that is not a compulsory module so as to make 120 credits in each Part.

#### Part 1 (three terms)

Compulsory modules

mpulsory modules			
Mod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level
AM1M11	Fundamental Microbiology	10	С
AM1M12	Important Microbes	10	С
BI1C10	Cell Biology and Biochemistry	10	С
BI1C11	Genetics and Molecular Biology	10	С
CH1C	Foundation Chemistry	20	С
FB1EPH	Physical Aspects of Biological Systems	20	С
FB1GFB	Topics in Food and Biotechnology	20	С
FB1EM1	Mathematics and Computing for Life Sciences	20	С

#### **Part 2 (three terms)** *Compulsorv modules*

0	ompulsory modules				
	Mod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level	
	AM2C31	Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics	10	Ι	
	AM2C39	Regulation of Gene Expression	10	Ι	
	AM2M32	Physiology and Genetics of Bacterial	10	Ι	
	FB2BBE	Biochemistry and Enzymology	10	Ι	
	FB2BPP	Protein Purification and Proteomics	10	Ι	
	FB2BRD	Bioreactor Design	10	Ι	
	FB2EBS	Bioseparations	10	Ι	
	FB2EPP	Food and Bioprocessing Practicals	10	Ι	
	FB2EPR	Process Engineering Principles	20	Ι	

Optional modules (20 credits):

1	Mod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level
		Institution Wide Language Programme	20	C/I/H
	AP1EM1	Introduction to Marketing	10	С
	AP1SB1	Introduction to Management	10	С
		(Plus additional modules subject to timetabling)		

#### **Industrial Training Placement Year**

M	Iod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level
F	B2PY	Placement Year	120	Ι

# Part 3 (three terms)

$\bigcirc$	Lompulsory modules				
	Mod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level	
	FB3BGE	Molecular techniques in microbiology and	10	Н	
		biotechnology			
	FB3BPD	Bioprocess Design	20	Н	
	FB3EB2	Economic manufacturing	10	Н	
	FB3PP2	Process Biotechnology	10	Н	
	FB3PFB	Individual Research Project	40	Н	
	PS3AA8	Plant Biotechnology for Post Harvest Quality	10	Н	

#### Optional modules (20 credits):

Mod Code	Module Title	Credits	Level
	Institution Wide Language Programme	20	C/I/H
FB2N1	Fundamentals of Human Nutrition	20	Ι
FB2CFA	Food microstructure	10	Ι
FB2CFB	Food commodities	10	Ι
	(Plus additional modules to be notified later)		

## **Industrial Training**

Students are required to undertake a period of industrial training between Parts 2 and 3. The placement is normally split into two 22 week periods at two different establishments. Performance in the training will be assessed. In addition students are expected to seek relevant industrial training during the Summer vacation between Parts 1 and 2.

#### Progression requirements

• Progression from Part 1 to Part 2

In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 1. To gain a threshold performance at Part 1 a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1, and a mark of at least 30% in all individual modules.

• Progression from Part 2 to Part 3

To gain a threshold performance at Part 2 a student shall normally be required to achieve: an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2, and a mark of at least 30% in all compulsory modules amounting to 100 credits. In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3, a student shall normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 2.

- To pass the Industrial Training Year students must achieve 40%. Students who fail the Industrial Training Year will be required to transfer to the 3 year Programme.
- To obtain the degree at the end of Part 3, students must obtain an overall average of 40%. The final degree assessment is based on the following weightings:

For students registered for a 4 year programme:

Part 2 Modules	23 %
Industry Year	10%
Part 3 Modules	67 %

## Summary of teaching and assessment

As indicated above, teaching is organised into modules – each module will consist of lectures, practicals, or a combination of these. Students are assessed on each module, usually by a formal examination, although modules consisting only of practicals (or similar coursework) may not have a formal examination. All coursework is assessed and the assessment contributes towards the modular marks. The Part 3 project is an individual study requiring the submission of formal report for assessment. The industrial training is assessed by using formal reports from the employer and the student's tutor and the assessment of a report submitted by the student.

# **Admission requirements**

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained: GCSE: Grade C or better in Mathematics and English in GCSE; and achieved Advanced Level (AS and A2):

- A core science at A2 level with either a core or related science subject at AS level (where 'Core Science' is defined as: mathematics, chemistry, physics and biology, and 'Related Science' is defined as: food technology, environmental science and human biology)
- A UCAS Tariff of 240 with 80 obtained in at least one core science

International Baccalaureat: Irish Leaving Certificate:

Admissions Tutor: Dr R Frazier

# Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4,000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@IL) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is

provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Special Needs Advisor, Study Advisors, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union.

#### **Career prospects**

In recent years, demand for biotechnologists has increased through the many developments in the industrial application and exploitation of biochemical processes, like the manufacture and use of enzymes, medical diagnostic reagents and therapeutic agents, and agricultural applications. Biological waste treatment is becoming increasingly important as legislative requirements become more stringent. Graduates are capable in assisting the industry in all of these issues and have a role in production, technical sales and research and development. In addition to the career opportunities in the biotechnological industries, the academic training our graduates receive equips them for positions in other industries, commerce and Government service.

#### **Opportunities for study abroad or for placements**

The School participates in a number of exchange programmes under the EU Socrates scheme which includes the opportunity to take industrial training in another European country. Students have, as a result, been to a number of countries including Germany, France, Spain and Italy. Although not common, industrial training attachments have also been arranged in other countries including the United States of America and Australia.

#### Educational aims of the programme

The Biotechnology programme aims to:

- Provide a programme of education which will enable its graduates to enter a career in the biotechnology-based industries as scientists or technologists in production and research and development.
- Provide a broadly based scientific and technological education whose graduates can also enter a career in other areas of applied biology or processing.
- Provide a course containing integrated periods of industrial training allowing students to experience and apply the skills developed during the course.
- Provide undergraduates with opportunities to develop their inter-personal and communication skills.

# **Programme Outcomes**

A. Knowledge and understanding of:	Teaching/learning methods and strategies
<ol> <li>the fundamental concepts and techniques used in the production of bioproducts from living organisms,</li> <li>bioprocessing and bioengineering,</li> <li>the criteria used to select, specify and establish an overall process design and operating schedule for bioprocesses,</li> <li>the technical and economic criteria used to choose the necessary equipment for bioprocessing.</li> </ol>	Lectures and practical classes provide the basic knowledge. A variety of coursework gives opportunities for extending knowledge and techniques. Individual and group projects reinforce techniques and give experience of practical applications. The industrial training year provides a major opportunity for most students to enhance their knowledge of some or all of topics 1 - 4. <i>Assessment</i>
	Most knowledge is tested through a combination of coursework and unseen formal examinations. Project work, reports, oral presentations and computer-based exercises also contribute to the final assessment. Where appropriate, the industrial training assessment is also used.

# Knowledge and Understanding

Skills and other attributes

<b>B. Intellectual skills</b> – able to:	Teaching/learning methods and strategies
<ol> <li>analyse and solve problems,</li> <li>critically evaluate scientific literature,</li> <li>assess problems and design experiments to test hypotheses,</li> <li>apply knowledge to new problems,</li> <li>plan, conduct and report on an individual research project.</li> </ol>	Topics 1 and 2 are essential components of the programme and are embedded in many parts of the programme. Topics 3 and 4 are introduced in Part 2 course-work. Topics 3, 4 and 5 are fully developed during the individual research project in Part 3 of the programme. The industrial training year provides a major opportunity for most students to enhance their skills relating to some or all of topics 1 - 5.
	Assessment Coursework is structured to assess topics 1, 2, 3 and 4. Topics 3, 4 and 5 are assessed as components of the individual research project. Where appropriate, the industrial training assessment is also used.

С.	<b>Practical skills</b> – able to:	<b>Teaching/learning methods and strategies</b>
1.	quantitatively evaluate the performance	All topics are introduced by lectures but are
	of bioprocessing equipment,	developed fully by appropriate laboratory
2.	perform chemical, physical and	exercises during all Parts of the programme.
	microbiological laboratory tests to assess	The industrial training year provides a major
	the quality bioproducts,	opportunity for most students to enhance
3.	establish, screen and sub-clone from, a	their skills relating to some or all of topics 1 -
	gene library,	7.
4.	produce and isolate an enzyme,	
5.	participate in, and help develop, research	Assessment
	and product development programmes	All topics will be assessed by coursework.
-	relating to bioproducts,	Where appropriate, the industrial training
6.	monitor and evaluate process operation,	assessment is also used.
7.	establish, evaluate and operate control	
	procedures for safe process operation.	
D	<b>Transferable skills</b> – able to:	Teaching/learning methods and strategies
1.		The development of transferable skills is
1.	or as part of a larger team,	integrated into many parts of the programme.
2.	prepare reports and make presentations	Students are required to work both as
	that effectively present the results of	individuals and as part of groups. Career
	investigations carried out,	skills (topic 5) are introduced in a Part 1
3.	critically assess and present data using	module and reinforced by the industrial
	appropriate statistical techniques,	training year. The industrial training year
4.	make effective use of information	provides a major opportunity for most
	technology,	students to enhance their skills relating to
5.	consider and manage career choice.	some or all of topics 1 - 5.
		Assessment
		All topics are assessed both by coursework
		within the modules and in formal
		examinations. Where appropriate, the
1		industrial training assessment is also used.

Please note - This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in the module description and in the programme handbook. The University reserves the right to modify this specification in unforeseen circumstances, or where the process of academic development and feedback from students, quality assurance processes or external sources, such as professional bodies, requires a change to be made. In such circumstances, a revised specification will be issued.